# Model Curriculum for Three/Four Year Degree Course (With Multiple Entry/Exit Option) Based on NEP-2020

# Sociology



## Odisha State Higher Education Council, Bhubaneswar Government of Odisha

Semester	Subjects						
Ι	Core I - IntroductiontoSociology-I						
	Core II- IntroductiontoSociology- II						
п	Core III- IndianSociety						
	Core IV - ClassicalSociologicalThinkers						
III	Core V- SocialChangeandDevelopment						
	Core VI- SociologyofGender						
	Core VII- Sociology of Vulnerable Communities in India						
IV	Core VIII- SociologyofEnvironment						
	Core IX- RuralSociology						
	Core X- ResearchMethodology-I						
V	Core XI- Contemporary Social Issues in India						
	Core XII- SocialMovementsinIndia						
	Core XIII- Globalisation and Society						
VI	Core XIV- Urban Sociology						
	Core XV- Sociology of Health						
VII	Core XVI- Research Methodology-II						
	Core XVII- Advanced Sociological Theories –I						
	Core XVIII- Sociology of Tribes						
	Core XIX- Media, Culture and Society						
VIII	Core XX- Advanced Sociological Theory –II						
	Core XXI- PerspectivesonIndianSociety						
	Core XXII- Sociology of Religion						
	Core XXIII- Sociology of Education						

### **Program Outcomes**

- 1. On successful completion of this program, students would be able to acquire scientific outlooks and attitudes to comprehend human behaviour, social phenomena, social action and social issues in a web of interconnected process.
- 2. Acquiring a fair sociological knowledge in the forms of theories and methods students can be good researcher, PhD scholar and social scientists.
- 3. The sociological knowledge would help to make students, critical and logical in designing a research project with sound understanding of the ethics and conduct of the subject.
- 4. Students will be able to explore career opportunities in teaching, research, administrative services, and family and child development services and in health, criminology and educational institutions.
- 5. The students would be also able to qualify the UGC NET/JRF/state PSC, UPSC and other examination of Social Welfare Departments.
- 6. Students would be able to get employment opportunities in the Teaching, Research and NGOs and in Private sectors.

The sociological concepts remain as gateways to the world of societies. Behind every discipline there are some conceptual building blocks with which the learners get conversant of particular framework of thinking and understanding about the world. In this context, this paper provides a rich background of sociological knowledge to the students.

### **Course Outcome**

• After going through the paper, the students will have a wholesome idea about the emergence and growth of sociology as a subject, its scope, its relationship with other social sciences and other sociological concept and discourses such as social stratification, hierarchy, inequality and social mobility.

### Unit-I Introducing the discipline

- Meaning, definition and subject matter. Sociology and common sense
- Modernity and emergence of sociology
- Natureandscopeofsociology, sociology as a science.
- Changing contours of sociology

### **Learning Outcome**

• Students can explain how sociology as a discipline emerged, and what were the historical and social contexts accountable for its growth.

### Unit IISociologyand its relationship with other social sciences

- Sociology,AnthropologyandHistory
- SociologyandPsychology
- SociologyandPoliticalScience
- SociologyandEconomics

### Learning Outcome

• Students will be able to explain how other disciplines have contributed to the growth of sociology.

### **Unit-III BasicConcepts**

- SocietyandCommunity,Associations,andInstitutions
- SocialGroups-Primary, Secondary, Reference Groups, In-Group and Out-Group
- Role,Status and identity.
- Folkways, Mores, Values and Norms

### **Learning Outcome**

• Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of basic concepts in sociology.

### **Unit-IV:SocialStratification & Mobility**

- Meaning and Characteristics, social differences, Hierarchy, inequality & Marginalization.
- FormsofStratification-Caste,Class,Gender and Race

- Theories of stratification: Functionalist-Parsons, Davis and Moore, Tumin, Marxian & Weberian
- Social Mobility- open and closed system, types of mobility and causes of mobility

### Learning Outcome

Society and

III

• Students can explain the sociological significance of underdoing hierarchy, stratification and mobility.

Lesso	n Plan			
Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
I	Emergence and growth of Sociology as a subject of enquiry: Enlightenment, modernity and rise of capitalism. The subject matter of Sociology. Sociology and commonsense.	Theory and Tutorial Class	15	Text book reference:Inkeles, A. (2010). What is sociology?: An introduction to the discipline and profession. London: Prentice-Hall.Video Lectures:Emergence, Growth, Nature and Scope of Sociology by Prof. Maitrayee Chaudhuri. The Consortium for Educational Communication.Link: <a href="https://youtu.be/bSE-RcdDIio?si=-">https://youtu.be/bSE-</a> RcdDIio?si=-xxTjqRKVSvSGEiz
II.	Sociology and its relationship with other disciplines: The contributions of Anthropology, History, psychology, political science and economics for the growth of sociology and vice-versa.	Theory and Tutorial Class	15	Text book reference: Inkeles, A. (2010). What is sociology?: An introduction to the discipline and profession. London: Prentice-Hall.
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### Lesson Plan

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Text book reference:

Theory and

	Community, Associations, and Institutions Social Groups- Primary, Secondary, Reference Groups, In-Group and Out- Group Role,Status and identity.	Tutorial Class		<ol> <li>Michael Haralambos and Robin Heald (1980) Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. London: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>MacIver, R. M., &amp; Page, C. H. (1961). Society: An introductory analysis. New York: Rinehart &amp; Winston.</li> </ol>
	Folkways, Mores, Values and Norms			
IV	Values and NormsMeaning and Characteristics, social differences, Hierarchy, inequality & Marginalization.Forms of Stratification-Caste, Class, Gender and RaceTheories of stratification: Functionalist- Parsons, Davis and Moore, Tumin, Marxian & WeberianSocial Mobility- open and closed system, types of mobility and causes of mobility	Theory and Tutorial Class	15	Michael Haralambos and Robin Heald (1980) Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. London: Oxford University Press. Video Lectures: 1. Social stratification-I: Social inequality and stratification by Prof. A.K. Sharma. NPTEL Link: https://youtu.be/nStr Unrhs?si=fqjnk8EhpQKFwERv 2. Social stratification-II: Explanations of social stratification by Prof. A.K. Sharma. NPTEL Link: https://youtu.be/0wAdWEOgHS Q?si=IHziqxNPUWv24jaV 3. Social stratification-III: Theories and facts by Prof. A.K. Sharma. NPTEL. Link: https://youtu.be/s- KacFTOQcc?si=YwKe2YsIxJO

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#### **Text Books**

- ✓ Michael Haralambos and Robin Heald (1980) Sociology: Themes and Perspectives. London: Oxford University Press.
- ✓ MacIver, R. M., & Page, C. H. (1961). Society: An introductory analysis. New York: Rinehart & Winston.
- ✓ Inkeles, Alex. 1987. What is Sociology? An Introduction to the Discipline and Profession. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall of India.

#### **References:**

- ✓ Bottomore, T.B. (1972) Sociology: A guide to problems and literature. Bombay: George Allen and Unwin (India).
- ✓ Fulcher, J., & Scott, J. (2011). Sociology. Oxford University Press, USA.
- ✓ Giddens, A, (1991)Introduction to Sociology, Polity Press.
- ✓ Goldthorpe, J. E. (1985). An introduction to sociology. Cambridge University Press.
- ✓ Haralambos, M. &Holborn , (2014) Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Harper Collins; Eighth edition
- ✓ Horton, P. B., & Hunt, C. L. (1984).Sociology.Edisi keenam.International Student Edition.

### **E- resources:**

 Emergence, Growth, Nature and Scope of Sociology by Prof. Maitrayee Chaudhuri. The Consortium for Educational Communication.

Link: <u>https://youtu.be/bSE-RcdDIio?si=-xxTjqRKVSvSGEiz</u>

(2) Social stratification-I: Social inequality and stratification by Prof. A.K. Sharma. NPTEL

Link: <u>https://youtu.be/nStr\_-Unrhs?si=fqjnk8EhpQKFwERv</u>

- (3) Social stratification-II: Explanations of social stratification by Prof. A.K. Sharma. NPTEL Link: https://youtu.be/0wAdWEOgHSQ?si=IHziqxNPUWv24jaV
- (4) Social stratification-III: Theories and facts by Prof. A.K. Sharma. NPTEL.

Link: https://youtu.be/s-KacFTOQcc?si=YwKe2YsIxJOn3czJ

### Core IIIntroductiontoSociology-II

This part two introductory paper provides some additional knowledge on the interrelationship between individual and society, the types of societies and the various social processes that contribute to sustenance of a society.

### **Course Outcome**

• After completing this course, the students will be able to comprehend awholesome conceptual picture of whatSociology is allabout, the basic concepts used and some universal societal processes, and the effects of socialization and social control on social life.

### Unit-I:Individual,SocietyandCulture

- Society: Meaning, prerequisites and relationshipbetweenindividualandsociety
- TypesofSociety–Primitive, Pastoral, AgrarianandIndustrial
- SocialStructure: Meaning and features
- Culture: Meaning, features and types

### Learning Outcome:

• Students will be able to explain the relationship between individual, society and culture, and the very conceptual understanding of society, social structure and culture.

### **Unit-II:Socialization**

- Meaning, definitions & types
- Stagesofsocialization process
- Agenciesofsocialization
- TheoriesofSocialization- GHMead,C.HCooley and Sigmund Freud

### Learning Outcome

• Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the socialization process and different theories of socialization.

### Unit-III:SocialControl

- Meaning & features
- Importanceofsocial control
- Agencies of social control: formal and informal

### **Learning Outcome**

• Students can explain the role of different agencies in controlling and regulating the social behaviors of individuals in society.

### Unit-IV:SocialProcesses

- MeaningandForms
- AssociativeSocialProcesses-Cooperation,Accommodation,Assimilation
- DissociativeSocialProcesses-CompetitionandConflict

### **Learning Outcome:**

• Students will be able to explain the different social processes such as cooperation, accommodation, assimilation, competition, and conflict.

### Lesson Plan:

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
I	Individual,Societyan dCulture Society: Meaning, prerequisites and relationshipbetweeni ndividualandsociety TypesofSociety– Primitive, Pastoral, AgrarianandIndustria l SocialStructure: Meaning and features Culture: Meaning, features and types	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Giddens, A, (2007) Sociology, New York: Polity Press. (Chapter 1 and 2).</li> <li>Horton, P. B., &amp; Hunt, C. L. (2007). Sociology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.</li> <li>Video Lecture:         <ol> <li>Individual and Society (Part I and II), CEC-UGC.</li> <li>Link: (a) <u>https://youtu.be/OCUGYuyi 4?si=Xt1slBRM-z0En5SG</u></li></ol></li></ol>
II.	SocializationMeaning,definitions&typesStagesofsocializationprocessAgenciesofsocializationTheoriesofSocialization-GHMead,C.HCooleyand Sigmund Freud	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Horton, P. B., &amp; Hunt, C. L. (2007). Sociology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.</li> <li>Video Lecture:         <ol> <li>Socialization, CEC-UGC.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Link: <u>https://youtu.be/F5R1Y1ukv-M?si=sdzBGy7tY_Swztjg</u></li> </ol>
III	SocialControl Meaning &features Importanceofsocial control Agencies ofsocialcontrol:forma landinformal	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Horton, P. B., &amp; Hunt, C. L. (2007). Sociology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.</li> <li>Gisbert, P. 2019. Fundamentals of Sociology. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.</li> </ol>

cesses- Cooperation modation, n Dissociation ocesses-	ndForms eSocialPro	15	<ol> <li>Horton, P. B., &amp; Hunt, C. L. (2007). Sociology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.</li> <li>Gisbert, P. 2019. <i>Fundamentals of Sociology</i>. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.</li> </ol>
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#### **Text Book:**

- ✓ Giddens, A, (2007) Sociology, New York: Polity Press.
- ✓ Horton, P. B., & Hunt, C. L. (2007). Sociology. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- ✓ Gisbert, P. 2019. Fundamentals of Sociology. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.

#### **Reference Book:**

- ✓ Bottomore, T.B. (1972) Sociology: A guide to problems and literature. Bombay: George Allen and Unwin (India).
- ✓ Fulcher, J., & Scott, J. (2011). Sociology. Oxford University Press, USA.
- ✓ Giddens, A, (1991)Introduction to Sociology, Polity Press.
- ✓ Giddens, A., Duneier, M., Appelbaum, R., & Carr, B. (2009). Introduction to sociology. New York: WW Norton & Company.
- ✓ Haralambos, M. & Holborn, (2014) Sociology: Themes and Perspectives, Harper Collins; Eighth edition
- ✓ Jayaram, N. (1988). Introductory sociology. Madras: Macmillan India.
- ✓ Johnson, Harry M. (1995) Sociology: A systematic introduction. New Delhi: Allied Publishers.

#### **E-resources:**

(1) Individual and Society (Part I and II), CEC-UGC.

Link: (a) https://youtu.be/OCUGYuyi 4?si=Xt1slBRM-z0En5SG

(b) <u>https://youtu.be/NEaYCpoOZOU?si=KUQarUg1Ffh2QYLR</u>

(2) Socialization, CEC-UGC.

Link: <u>https://youtu.be/F5R1Ylukv-M?si=sdzBGy7tY\_Swztjg</u>

**Core III** 

Semester -II

### IndianSociety

Everysocietyhasitsownpeculiarstructureand institutions that undergo changes. The

change agents and the initiatives they take enable the society to change with the passage of time. This paper focuses on thestructure and processes of Indian society that continue as well as change.

### **Course Outcome:**

• After completing this course, the students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of composition of Indian society in terms of its diverse culture, complex social structure and will have a better understanding of the factors of unity and diversity that makes a our country as a unique nation.

### Unit-I:Composition of andApproacheson IndianSociety

- Diverse Composition: Religiouscomposition, linguistic composition& racial composition
- Threat to National Integration (Communalism,Linguism,Regionalism, Casteism)
- Unityindiversity: Factors of unity
- ApproachestothestudyofIndiansociety:Structural-Functional,MarxianandSubaltern

### **Learning Outcome**

• Students will be able to explain the diverse composition of Indian society, approaches to study the Indian society, factors of unity and diversity.

### Unit-II:HinduSocialOrganization

- Features of Hindu Social Organization
- VarnaVyavasthaandrelevance
- Ashramaand Purusarthas
- DoctrineofKarma

### Learning Outcome

• Students will be able to demonstrate their understanding on various aspects of Hindu social organization.

### Unit-III:Marriage, Family and KinshipinIndia

- Marriage: Meaning and Types of Marriage among the Hindu, Muslims, Christians, and Tribes
- HinduJointFamily-Meaning, features&disintegration
- Kinship: Meaning, terminology and regional variations
- Recent changes in the institutions of marriage and family

### Learning Outcome

• Students will be able to demonstrate their understanding pertaining to Marriage, Family and Kinshipsystem among different communities and societies in India.

### Unit-IV:TheCasteSysteminIndia

- Meaning & features of caste
- Functions&dysfunctions ofcaste
- Theories of the origin of caste system : Occupational, Religious and Racial
- RecentChangesinCasteSystem

### Learning Outcome

• Students will be able to explain their understanding of caste system, which is one among the most debated topics of Indian sociology.

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
I	Composition of and Approaches on Indian Society Diverse Composition: Religious composition, linguistic composition & racial composition Threat to National Integration (Communalism, Linguism, Regionalism, Casteism) Unity in diversity: Factors of unity Approaches to the study of Indian society: Structural- Functional, Marxian and Subaltern	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Hasnain, N. and Hasnain, A. (2021) Indian Society - Themes and Social Issues. New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill (Chapter 2 and 3)</li> <li>Singh, Y. (2018). Modernization of Indian tradition. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.</li> </ol>
П.	Hindu Social Organization Features of Hindu Social Organization Varna Vyavastha and relevance Ashrama and Purusarthas Doctrine of Karma	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Hasnain, N. and Hasnain, A. (2021) Indian Society - Themes and Social Issues. New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill. (Chapter 5).</li> </ol>
III	Marriage, Family and Kinship in India Marriage: Meaning and Types of Marriage among the Hindu, Muslims, Christians, and Tribes Hindu Joint Family-	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Hasnain, N. and Hasnain, A. (2021) Indian Society - Themes and Social Issues. New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill. (Chapter 3).</li> <li>Video Lecture: (1) Sociology of Kinship Marriage &amp; Family. CEC-</li> </ol>

### Lesson Plan:

	Meaning, features & disintegration Kinship: Meaning, terminology and regional variations Recent changes in the institutions of marriage and family			UGC. Link: https://youtu.be/9lbjyiSdiTA?si=eEE <u>AFcfNCMs3wKUR</u> (2) Kinship, Vidya-Mitra, UGC. Link: <u>https://youtu.be/-</u> <u>84pft4MWSc?si=XdduVoKhJLMhF</u> <u>YDi</u>
IV	The Caste System in India Meaning & features of caste Functions & dysfunctions of caste Theories of the origin of caste system: Occupational, Religious and Racial Recent Changes in Caste System	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Hasnain, N. and Hasnain, A. (2021) Indian Society - Themes and Social Issues. New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill. (Chapter 5 and 6</li> <li>Video Lecture:         <ol> <li>Sociology of Caste in India, CEC-UGC.</li> <li>Link: <u>https://youtu.be/pykIo_3nGa0?si=n</u></li></ol></li></ol>

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Hasnain, N. and Hasnain, A. (2021) Indian Society Themes and Social Issues. New Delhi: Mc Graw Hill (Chapter 2 and 3)
- 2. Kar, P.K. (2022). Indian Society. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.
- 3. Singh, Y. (2018). Modernization of Indian tradition. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

#### References

1. Kolenda, P. M. (2017). Region, Caste, and Family Structure: A comparative study of the Indian "joint" family. In Structure and change in Indian society (pp. 339-396). Routledge.

- 2. Mandelbaum, David G. (2003) Society in India.Vols. I &II Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
- 3. Prabhu, P. H. (1991). Hindu social organization: A study in socio-psychological and ideological foundations. Popular Prakashan.
- 4. Shah, A. M. (1998). The family in India: Critical essays. Orient Blackswan.
- 5. Shah, A. M. (2019). The structure of Indian society: Then and now. Taylor & Francis.
- 6. Uberoi, P. (ed.) (1993) Family, Kinship and Marriage in India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

### **E- resources:**

(1) Sociology of Kinship Marriage & Family. CEC-UGC. Link: <u>https://youtu.be/9lbjyiSdiTA?si=eEEAFcfNCMs3wKUR</u>

(2) Kinship, Vidya-Mitra, UGC.

Link: https://youtu.be/-84pft4MWSc?si=XdduVoKhJLMhFYDi

(3) Sociology of Caste in India, CEC-UGC. Link: <u>https://youtu.be/pykIo\_3nGa0?si=n\_--PuzPhaZXAII</u>

(4) Study of Caste in India, CEC-UGC. Link: <u>https://youtu.be/Vs3B2B7ntn4?si=MFqHQjkYpi4G5PMY</u>

Core IV

ClassicalSociologicalThinkers

Sociology originated as an intellectual response to the crisis confronting the mid nineteenth centuryEuropean society. Its development over two centuries has been influenced by a variety of socio-economic and political transformations. The various theories, methods and concepts that are dealt with by the discipline have been contributed by some founder thinkers. The contributions of these founder thinkers will be the subject matter of this paper.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- The students will familiarize with the broad social, political, economic and intellectual contexts in which sociology emerged as a distinctive discipline.
- This paper is expected to clarify and broaden the students' knowledge about the theoretical and methodological contributions made by the classical Sociologists and their contemporary relevance.
- The students can be acquainted with different concepts/theories given by the founding fathers and their use in everyday life.

### Unit-I:AugusteComte and Herbert Spencer

- Law of Three Stages
- HierarchyofSciences&Positivism
- OrganismicAnalogy
- TheoryofSocialEvolution

### **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit aims at giving an idea on the evolution of society as distinguished from biological evolution and the stages through which the society has passed through parallel with the development of human knowledge resulting in the development of sociology as an independent discipline.

### **Unit-II:Karl Marx**

- Dialectical and Historical, Materialism, Mode of Production
- TheoryofCapitalism
- Alienation
- Classstruggle

### **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit will impress upon the students on the development of society with the changing economic order and the emerging features of capitalism along with the challenges found by society under the capitalist regime.

### Unit-III:EmileDurkheim

- DivisionofLabourinSociety
- RulesofSociologicalMethod
- TheoryofSuicide

### • TheoryofReligion

### Learning Outcome:

• This unit intends to introduce the rise of division of labour in society as a social offshoot rather than the Smithian division of labour along with the study of the institutions of religion and the issue of suicides that had become the chronic features of 19<sup>th</sup> century Europe.

### Unit IV: Max Weber

- SocialAction
- Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism
- Ideal type
- Authority and Bureaucracy

### **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit talks about the religious determinism of capitalism a distinct view uphold by Weber and the rise of institutions of bureaucracy and authority under the capitalist regime along with the methodological prescriptions of study of social institutions.

### **Lesson Plans:**

Unit	Thrust area	Teaching	Total	References
		methods	classes	
Ι	August Comte's	Lecture and	15	Abraham, F&J.H.Morgan,SociologicalThought:
	Law	tutorial		From Comte to Sorokin. Trinity Press. New Delhi.
	ofThreeStages,	class		Chapter-1 &3.
	Hierarchyof			
	Sciences&Positivi			eGyanKosh, Founding Fathers-1
	sm.			https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/1891
	Herbert Spencer's			<u>9/1/Unit-2.pdf</u>
	OrganismicAnalog			
	y and			NPTEL-NOC IITM Lecture on August Comte
	TheoryofSocialEv			https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qu0nxcggiNA
	olution			NPTEL-NOC IITM Lecture on Herbert Spencer
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UHswymZ-
				<u>0s4</u>
II		Lecture and	15	Coser, Lewis A. (1977). Masters of
	Karl Marx's	tutorial		Sociological Thought: Ideas in Historical
	Dialectical and	class		and Social Context. Rawat Publications:
	HistoricalMateriali			New Delhi. Chapter-2.
	sm, Mode of Production,			eGyanKosh, Karl Marx,
				https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/3806
	Theoryof			CEC Lecture on Karl Marx
	TheoryofC apitalism,			https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ktd8OHY5ao

	Alienation, and Classstruggle			<u>0</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lRUURHso4B</u> <u>A</u>
III	Emile Durkheim's Division of Labour in Society, Rules of Sociological Method, Theory of Suicide, and Theory of Religion	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Abraham, F&J.H.Morgan,SociologicalThought: From Comte to Sorokin. Trinity Press. New Delhi. Chapter-5 eGyanKosh, Emile Durkheim, <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/3810</u> CEC Lecture on Emile Durkheim <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hq3tehJO2JM</u>
IV	Max Weber's Social Action and its types. Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism, Ideal type, Authority and Bureaucracy	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Mohanty, Rabindra K. (2023). Comparative History in the Sociological writings of Max Weber, Sociological Bulletin, 72(1)https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.11 77/00380229221134614?casa token=G37hcSb XabIAAAAA:K_MiEILqBQI3- MHASfk4rJ9rB9918Q9j2c7zpJOImVYY8w0iJx bk-No_LRvuSKFHLCkPkaSn1Q Kundu, A. (2011). Sociological theory. Pearson Education India. Chapter- 4 eGyanKosh, Max Weber, https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/38 10 CEC Lecture on Max Weber https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qZQueVk3yn E

#### **Text Books:**

- ✓ Abraham, F&J.H.Morgan,SociologicalThought: From Comte to Sorokin. Trinity Press. New Delhi.
- ✓ Aron, Raymond (1967). Main Currents in Sociological thoughts Vol. I & Vol. II Harmondsworth, Middlesex: PenguinBooks, (1982reprint).

- ✓ Dhir, K.C. (2017)Sociological Thought, Lakshi Publishers and Distributors: New Delhi.
- ✓ Kimmel, Michael S. (2006). Classical Sociological Theory. Oxford University Press.

#### **References:**

- ✓ Coser, Lewis A. (1977). Masters of Sociological Thought: Ideas in Historical and Social Context. Rawat Publications: New Delhi.
- ✓ Giddens, A. (1973). Capitalism and modern social theory: An analysis of the writings of Marx, Durkheim and Max Weber. Cambridge University Press.
- ✓ Kundu, A. (2011). Sociological theory. Pearson Education India.
- ✓ Mohanty, Rabindra K. (2023). Comparative History in the Sociological writings of Max Weber, Sociological Bulletin, 72(1)

#### e-Resources:

- 1. CEC Lecture on Max Weber <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qZQueVk3ynE</u>
- 2. CEC Lecture on Emile Durkheim <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hq3tehJO2JM">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hq3tehJO2JM</a>
- 3. CEC Lecture on Karl Marx <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ktd8OHY5ao0</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lRUURHso4BA</u>
- 4. Classical Sociological Thinkers, DDCE, Utkal University, https://ddceutkal.ac.in/Downloads/UG\_SLM/Sociology/Core\_5.pdf
- 5. eGyanKosh, Emile Durkheim, <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/3810</u>
- 6. eGyanKosh,FoundingFathers-1https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/18919/1/Unit-2.pdfFathers-1
- 7. eGyanKosh, Karl Marx, https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/3806
- 8. eGyanKosh, Max Weber, https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/3810
- 9. NPTEL-NOC IITM Lecture on August Comte https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qu0nxcggiNA
- 10. NPTEL-NOC
   IITM
   Lecture
   on
   Herbert
   Spencer

   https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UHswymZ-0s4

#### **Core VSemester-III**

### SocialChangeandDevelopment

Change is the law of nature and every society is subject to change. Social change has

always been acentral concern of sociological study.Change takes different forms. Change has its pattern which isspelt out by various theories. Change is often propelled by various factors. This paper is designed toprovide someideasto the studentabout suchprocess,theories and factors.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- This paper is expected to provide a wholesome idea to the students about the processof social change.
- Theycanrelate their experience with the theoretical explanations.

### **Unit-I:SocialChange:**

- MeaningandNature
- SocialEvolution &SocialProgress:Meaningandfeatures
- SocialDevelopment: Meaningandfeatures
- FactorsofChange (Cultural, Technological, Demographic) and
- Source of Change(Endogenous & Exogeneous)

### **Learning Outcome:**

• Students can derive knowledge about the meaning, nature, forms and patterns of change and they will get an impression about the factors that proper change in the society.

### **Unit-II: Theories of Social Change:**

- Evolutionarytheory
- Functionalist
- ConflictTheory
- CyclicalTheory

### Learning Outcome:

• Will getanideaaboutthetheories that explain change and their adequacy in explaining so.

### **Unit-III:Modelsofdevelopment:**

- Capitalist
- Socialist
- Gandhian
- Alternative (Microfinance and Ecological)

### **Learning Outcome:**

• Students can derive knowledge about different models of development and how Indian experience of development has been shaped by these models.

### Unit-IV:ProcessesofSocialChangein IndianContext:

• Sanskritisation

- Westernisation
- Modernisation
- Secularisation

### Learning Outcome:

• Students would learn about different processes of change that has shaped Indian society.

### Lesson Plan

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
I	SocialChange: MeaningandNature SocialEvolution &SocialProgress:Mea ningandfeatures SocialDevelopment: Meaningandfeatures FactorsofChange (Cultural,Technologic al,Demographic) and Source of Change(Endogenous & Exogeneous)	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	18	<ul> <li>Sztompka, P. (2023). <i>The Sociology of Social Change</i>. Rawat Publications.</li> <li>Singh. Y. (1997) <i>Social Stratification and Change in India</i>. Manohar.</li> <li>Singh. Y. (1986) <i>Modernization of Indian Tradition</i>. Penguin.</li> <li>CEC. (2018, Oct 18). <i>Social Change in Modern Society</i> (Video). YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=md wKnQM6CDI</li> </ul>
II.	Theories ofSocialChange: Evolutionarytheory Functionalisttheory ConflictTheory CyclicalTheory	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	14	Nptelhrd.(2013, Nov 21). Social change-I: Definition of social change (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R4 YTvfMbbzA Rath . Navaneeta. Sociology of Development (PDF). DDCE, Utkal University. https://ddceutkal.ac.in/Syllabus/MA_SO CIOLOGY/Paper_19.pdf Sztompka, P. (2023). The Sociology of Social Change. Rawat Publications. CH 03: CEC-UGC 03: Social & Behavioral Sciences. (2017, Sep 13). Theories of social change (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nm

				rAZV_kFaw
Π	Modelsofdevelopmen t: Capitalist Socialist Gandhian Alternative (Microfinance and Ecological)	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	16	egyankosh. (2017). Social Development, Unit 13. Ignou.
IV	ProcessesofSocialCha ngein IndianContext: Sanskritisation Westernisation Modernisation Secularisation	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	12	Srinivas, M. N. (1995). Social change in modern India. Orient Blackswan. CEC. (2021, Jan 17). <i>M. N. Srinivas :</i> <i>Social Change in Modern India – 1</i> (Video). You Tube <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xh7</u> <u>NCADg3t0</u> CEC. (2021, Sep 6) <i>Yogendra Singh</i> ( <i>1932-2020</i> ) : Social Change in India (Video). You Tube <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</u> <u>=GXcAc9cns9c</u>

### **Text Book:**

- ✓ Mohanty, R.N. (2002). Understanding Social Change. Cuttack: Kitab Mahal.
- ✓ Singh. Y. (1997) Social Stratification and Change in India. Manohar.
- ✓ Sztompka, P. (2023). The Sociology of Social Change. Rawat Publications.

### **Reference Books**

- ✓ Mishra, B. (1998) Capitalism, Socialism and Planning, South Asia Books.
- ✓ Sharma, K.L. (1986).Development: Socio-Cultural Dimensions. Jaipur: Rawat.
- ✓ Singh. Y. (1986) Modernization of Indian Tradition. Penguin.
- ✓ Srinivas, M. N. (1995). Social change in modern India. Orient Blackswan.

### **E-Resources**

- 1. CEC. (2018, Oct 18). Social Change in Modern Society (Video). YouTube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mdwKnQM6CDI
- Nptelhrd.(2013, Nov 21). Social change-I: Definition of social change (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R4YTvfMbbzA
- 3. Rath . Navaneeta. *Sociology of Development* (PDF). DDCE, Utkal University. <u>https://ddceutkal.ac.in/Syllabus/MA\_SOCIOLOGY/Paper\_19.pdf</u>
- CH 03: CEC-UGC 03: Social & Behavioral Sciences. (2017, Sep 13). Theories of social change (Video). You Tube <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NmrAZV\_kFaw</u>
- 5. egyankosh. (2017). Social Development, Unit 13. Ignou.
- CEC. (2021, Jan 17). M. N. Srinivas : Social Change in Modern India 1 (Video). You Tube <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xh7NCADg3t0</u>
- 7. CEC. (2021, Sep 6)*Yogendra Singh (1932-2020) : Social Change in India* (Video). You Tube<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GXcAc9cns9c</u>

Core VI

#### SociologyofGender

The biological basis to the differences between the sexes does not explain the inequalities faced bymen, women and the third gender in the society. The variations marked in the roles, responsibilities, rightsand relations between these groups largely depend on the social prescriptions and sex affiliations. The differences and inequalities in access, control and opportunity, the division of labour between men, women and the third gender are often simplytreated as consequences of their 'natural' differences. In fact thesocial norms,

institutions, societal expectations play a significant role in deciding and dictating thebehaviour of each sex group. This is the fundamental of the study of gender and society.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- This paper is expected to generate ideas and sensitivity, remove contradictory feelings and instill complementarity among the three gender groups which students can put into practice in their daily life.
- This paper helps changing the prevalent biases and gender practices and creates a gender-neutral social world; where the three gender groups can enjoy their basic rights and cherishto achieve their dreams.

### Unit-I:SocialConstructionofGender

- GenderVs.Sex
- Masculinity and Femininity
- Gender Role, StereotypingandSocialization
- LGBTIA+: Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Intersex, Asexual and more Learning Outcome:
  - The paper can help students to conceptualize what is "Gender" and what is "Sex" and draw a line of distinction between them. Students will be able to notethedifferenceingenderroles, responsibilities, rights and relations and get to learn more about the new emerging gender categories.

### Unit-II:Feminism

- MeaningandDefinitions
- Origin and GrowthofFeminism, Waves ofFeminism
- Patriarchy: Meaning, Features and Types
- TheoriesofFeminism-Liberal,Radical,Socialist,Marxist,PostModernism

### Learning Outcome:

• Gettoknowthetheoriesoffeminismthatbring forthwomenissuesanddemandto the forefront of society and to traceouttheevolutionandinstitutionalizationof"Patriarchy".

### Unit-III:GenderandDevelopment

- Approaches-WAD,WIDandGAD.
- GenderMainstreaming:Meaning,Policies andProgrammes
- GenderDevelopmentIndex
- WomenEmpowerment: MeaningandDimensions:Political,EconomicandSocial.

### Learning Outcome:

• To

assess the initiative sunder taken for gender development with the paradigms hift from time to time.

### **Unit-IV: Status of WomeninIndiathroughages**

- WomeninAncient Period
- MedievalPeriod
- Womeninmodern India
- Women's Movement in India during post-independence period

### **Learning Outcome:**

• To assess the status of women through different historical epochs and learn about the major women's movement in India during the post-independence phase.

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
I	Sex Versus Gender, studies that supplemented to the idea of sex versus gender. Femininity Vs Masculinity, Hierarchy of Masculinities and Femininities. Gender Roles: Meaning and nature. Gender Stereotypes: Meaning and Characteristics. Public-Private: Meaning, Characterisitcs Gender Socialization: Phases and Agency. LGBTIA+: Meaning	Classroom Lectures and Tutorials	18	<ul> <li>Bhasin, K. 2011. Understanding Gender.</li> <li>Women Unlimited.</li> <li>Rath, N. 2014. Gender and Society. Mayur Publication.</li> <li>e-resources</li> <li>Bhasin, K. 2020. Understanding</li> <li>Gender.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</li> <li>=y6WYBu7vuYY.</li> <li>The School of Life. (2020, June 9) The Ancient Origin of Sexual and Gender Identity - Margaret</li> <li>Meadhttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F</li> <li>ikUMyk4olw</li> <li>Baso. (2022). Sociology of Gender, BSO- 7. Odisha State Open University, Sambalpur.</li> <li>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1meT5FWT</li> <li>jRbNgafNBlehpUUyi2ZUCpXLb/view</li> </ul>
Ш.	Feminism: Meaning and Definitions Origin and Growth of Feminism First Wave: Development in Europe and America Liberal Feminism: Issues in 18 <sup>th</sup> , 19 <sup>th</sup> and	Classroom Lectures and Tutorials	14	Rath, N. 2014. <i>Gender and Society</i> . Mayur Publication. Tong, R. 2014. <i>Feminist Thought</i> . Westview Press

### Lesson Plan

	20 <sup>th</sup> century. Second Wave: Origin and Genesis Radical, Socialist, Marxist Feminism. Third Wave: Voices from the Global South Post Modern Feminism			
III	Introducing the Gender and Development WID: Origin, Major Debates. WAD: Origin, Major Debates. GAD: Origin, Major Debates. Gender Mainstreaming: Meaning, Policies and Programmes Gender Development Index: Meaning, Origin, Indicator Women Empowerment: Meaning and Dimensions: Political, Economic and Social.	Classroom Lectures and Tutorials	16	Rath, N. 2014. Gender and Society. Mayur Publication.Vidya Mitra.(2017, Aug 2). Women in Development (SWE) (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nlK0cFHPk0QVidya Mitra. (2018, May 23). Approches to Women Devlopment (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TEXY MGSeOFYVidya Mitra.(2017, Aug 2). Women in Development (SWE) (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XxFiV g1rO3QVidya Mitra.(2017, Aug 2). GAD (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b3oek m5REhk&t=40sVidya Mitra. (2018, April 27). Gender Empowerment measures 55 (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YZg4n nFW2Ss
IV	Women in Ancient Period Medieval Period Women in modern India Women's Movement in India during post- independence period	Classroom Lectures and Tutorials	12	Rath, N. 2014. <i>Gender and Society</i> . Mayur Publication. BASO. (2021). <i>Social Movement in India:</i> <i>Women's Movement</i> . BSO-12, Block-3. Odisha State Open University, Sambalpur. <u>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1xUG4Sgx</u> <u>5BbCuCsmcOl_ebz4RHiaMpVVg/view</u>

**Text Book:** 

- ✓ Bhasin, K. 2011. Understanding Gender. Women Unlimited.
- ✓ *Rath, N. 2014. Gender and Society. Mayur Publication.*

#### **Reference Books**

- ✓ Tong, R. 2014. Feminist Thought. Westview Press.
- ✓ John, M.E.(ed.), Women's Studies: A Reader, New Delhi: Penguin India, 2008.
- ✓ John, Mary E. (2004). 'Gender and Development in India, 1970-90's: some reflectionsontheconstitutiveroleofcontext'Chaudhuri,Maitrayee.(ed.)FeminisminIn dia,NewDelhi:Kali forwomen. pp. 246-258.
- ✓ Kumar, Radha. (1993). The History of Doing. Kali for women: New Delhi. (Selectchapters:Introduction;TheNineteenthcentury;Towardsbecoming'themothers ofthenation).
- ✓ Rege, S. (Ed.). (2003). Sociology of gender: The challenge of feminist sociological thought. SAGE Publications India.

### **E-Resources**

- Bhasin, K. 2020. Understanding Gender.<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=y6WYBu7vuYY</u>.
- 2. *The Ancient Origin of Sexual and Gender Identity Margaret Mead*<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FikUMyk4olw</u>
- 3. Baso. (2022). Sociology of Gender, BSO-7. Odisha State Open University, Sambalpur.
  - https://drive.google.com/file/d/1meT5FWTjRbNgafNBlehpUUyi2ZUCpXLb/view
- Vidya Mitra.(2017, Aug 2). Women in Development (SWE) (Video). You Tube<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nlK0cFHPk0Q</u>
- 5. Vidya Mitra. (2018, May 23). Approches to Women Devlopment (Video). You Tube
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TEXYMGSeOFY
- 7. Vidya Mitra.(2017, Aug 2). Women in Development (SWE) (Video). You Tube <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XxFiVg1rO3Q</u>
  a. Vidya Mitra.(2017, Aug 2). *GAD* (Video). You Tube
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b3oekm5REhk&t=40s
- 9. Vidya Mitra. (2018, April 27). *Gender Empowerment measures 55* (Video). You Tubehttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YZg4nnFW2Ss
- BASO. (2021). Social Movement in India: Women's Movement. BSO-12, Block-3. Odisha State Open University, Sambalpur.<u>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1xUG4Sgx5BbCuCsmcOl\_ebz4RHiaMpV</u> Vg/view

### **Core VII**

### Sociology of Vulnerable Communities in India

In recent years, there has been a growing emphasis on the contextualization of Indian sociology. One of the ways of going about this task is to focus on those segments of the population which have lived on the margins of society and which have not received, until recently, adequate scholarly attention. The focus of the paper is on groups and communities who have suffered extreme poverty, discrimination, marginalization and exploitation over a long period of time.

### **Course Outcome:**

- Students will get to know about the problems of vulnerable communities.
- The students will able to understand the concepts of vulnerability and its multiple manifestations.
- They will make aware about the social vulnerability and vulnerable communities in India.
- The course also focuses on the emerging patterns of vulnerability in India and the response of the state towards its eradication.

### **Unit-I: Introduction to Vulnerability**

- Concepts of Vulnerability
- Types of Vulnerability
- Theories of Vulnerability
- Models of Vulnerability

### Learning outcome:

• After going through the unit, the students can reflect upon the meaning, concepts, types, different theories and models of vulnerability which people are encountering in their everyday life experiences.

### **Unit-II: Social Vulnerability and Vulnerable Groups**

- Caste
- Class
- Gender
- Ethnicity, Age based (Elderly and Children) & Disability

### Learning outcome:

- After reading this unit, the students can perceive an intersectionality of social vulnerability among different vulnerable groups.
- They can understand some new kind of emerging vulnerability i.e. age-based and disability-based vulnerability which have emerged in the contemporary times due to its fast social transformation.

### **Unit-III: Emerging Socially Vulnerable Sections**

- Refugees
- Internal Displaced Persons (IDPs)
- Orphans
- People affected with HIV/AIDS

### Learning outcome:

• After going through this unit, the students can visualize the emergence of certain kinds of vulnerable communities like refugees, IDPs, orphans, and HIV/AIDS affected people focusing on their plights as well as remedial measures.

### **Unit-IV: Policies and Programmes**

- Indian Constitutions and Legal Provisions
- Religious Minorities
- Policy, Programmes and Schemes

### Learning outcome:

• After going through the unit, the students can analyse the evolution, implementations and effectiveness of different policies and programs for the vulnerable sections of society.

### **Lesson Plans:**

Unit	Thrust area	Teaching	Total	References
		methods	classes	
Ι	Meaning Concepts and features of Vulnerability, Types of Vulnerability, Theories of Vulnerability, Models of Vulnerability	Lecture and tutorial class	15	<ul> <li>Bankoff, G., Frerks, G., Hilhorst, T., &amp; Hilhorst, D. (Eds.). (2004). Mapping vulnerability: disasters, development, and people. Routledge.</li> <li>DDCE Utkal University, 2023. Vulnerable sections of society: Understanding their issues. <u>https://ddceutkal.ac.in/Downloads/UG_S</u></li> </ul>
Π	Social Vulnerability and Vulnerable Groups: Caste, Class, Gender and Ethnicity based vulnerability, Age based (Elderly and Children) & Disability	Lecture and tutorial class	15	LM/AECC/Unit_5.pdf Chatterjee, C. B., & Sheoran, G. (2007). Vulnerable groups in India. Mumbai: Centre for Enquiry into Health and Allied Themes. IGNOU, New Delhi, eGyanKosh. 2017. Vulnerable groups: women, children and elderly. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/1234567 89/26107/1/Unit-21.pdf
III	MeaningofRefugees and theircausesandconsequences,Meaningandfactors responsible	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Cernea, Michael M. (1998). 'Impoverishment or Social Justice? A Model for Planning Resettlement.

	for the emergence of Internal Displaced Persons (IDPs) and its consequences, Legal provisions of IDPs, Meaning of Orphans, causes for its emergence. Consequences and legal provisions to tackle it and People affected with HIV/AIDS and their problems and remedial measures.			Elena Fiddian-Qasmiyeh, Gil Loescher, et al. (2016). The Oxford Handbook of Refugee and Forced Migration Studies, Oxford University Press. IGNOU, New Delhi, eGyanKosh. 2021. Refugees and Migration. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/1234567</u> <u>89/76738/1/Unit-10.pdf</u>
IV	Policies and Programmes: Indian Constitutions and Legal Provisions, Religious Minorities, Policy, Programmes and Schemes	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Dhanraj A. Patil (2021) Vulnerable Groups in Modern India, published by Scholars' Press

#### **Text Books:**

- ✓ Chatterjee, C. B., & Sheoran, G. (2007). Vulnerable groups in India. Mumbai: Centre for Enquiry into Health and Allied Themes.
- ✓ Patil, Dhanraj A. (2021). Vulnerable Groups in Modern India, Scholars' Press.

### **References:**

- ✓ Bankoff, G., Frerks, G., Hilhorst, T., & Hilhorst, D. (Eds.). (2004). Mapping vulnerability: disasters, development, and people. Routledge.
- ✓ Cernea, Michael M. (1998). 'Impoverishment or Social Justice? A Model for

Planning Resettlement.

- ✓ Elena Fiddian-Qasmiyeh, Gil Loescher, et al. (2016). The Oxford Handbook of Refugee and Forced Migration Studies, Oxford University Press.
- ✓ Ghai, Anita. (2021). Rethinking Disability in India. Taylor & Francis Publication.
- ✓ Mehrotra, Nilika. (2013). Disability, Gender and State Policy: Exploring Margins. Rawat Publications.
- ✓ Panda B.K. and Sukanta Sarkar. (2015). Vulnerable Children Human Rights Perspectives, Kalpaz Publications.
- ✓ Rajan, Irudaya S and Gayathri Balgopal (eds). (2021). Elderly Care in India: Societal and State Responses. Springer.

#### e-Resources:

- 1. DDCE Utkal University, 2023. Vulnerable sections of society: Understanding their issues. <u>https://ddceutkal.ac.in/Downloads/UG\_SLM/AECC/Unit\_5.pdf</u>
- 2. IGNOU, New Delhi, eGyanKosh. 2010. Law and Vulnerable groups. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/52055/1/Block-4.pdf
- 3. IGNOU, New Delhi, eGyanKosh. Displacement, rehabilitation and resettlement. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/87945/3/Unit-28.pdf
- 4. IGNOU, New Delhi, eGyanKosh. 2021. Refugees and Migration. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/76738/1/Unit-10.pdf
- 5. IGNOU, New Delhi, eGyanKosh. 2017. Vulnerable groups: women, children and elderly. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/26107/1/Unit-21.pdf</u>

#### **Core VIII**

### Semester IV SociologyofEnvironment

Environment and society are in constant interaction with each other. It is the environment whichsustains life in society and it is the society that is responsible for the preservation and degradation of the environment. In the recent years environmental challenges have posed a threat to the lives on the planet. Keeping this in view, the present paper tries to create awareness among the students about the major environmentalissues and the efforts geared to tackle them.

#### **Course Outcome:**

• By the time the students have completed this course, they will be able to understand the relationship between environment and society, and the practices that can protect and preserve the environment.

### Unit-I:ConceptualIssuesofSociologyofEnvironment

- SociologyofEnvironment: Meaning, emergence and scope
- Environmentandsociety-theirinterrelations, EcologyandEnvironment.
- Eco-system.
- SustainableDevelopment

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to explain the emergence and growth of environmental sociology as a distinct subfield of sociological enquiry and the contributions of different school of thoughts for its development.

### **Unit-II:EnvironmentalMovements**

- Narmada Bachao Andolan
- GangaBachao Abhiyan
- SilentvalleyMovements
- Eco-feministMovement

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to analyse the various environmental movements in India which were emerged in response to the state led developmental policies, intervention of private capitalists and globalisation.

### Unit-III:MajorEnvironmentalIssues

- GlobalWarming&ClimateChange.
- LossofBiodiversity
- Deforestation
- UrbanWastes,Industrialwastes

### Learning Outcome:

Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of major environmental Issues such as global warming, climate change, loss of biodiversity, deforestation urban and industrial pollution.

### Unit-IV:EnvironmentalProtection

- Environment protectioneffortsatthegloballevel
- Effortsatnationallevel
- RoleofCivilSocietyOrganizations
- RoleofCorporateSocialResponsibilityinenvironmentalprotection

### Learning Outcome:

Students can explain various environmental protection policy measures implemented at global and national levels, and the role of various organizations in achieving environmental justice.

### Lesson Plan:

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Emergence of Sociology of Environment as a subject of enquiry. Environment and Society Interrelationships. Ecology and Environment: Emergence of Social Ecology school of thought (Contributions of Lewis Mumford, Murray Bookchin and Others) Eco-system: Structure, function and types of eco- system Sustainable	Theoretical and Tutorial Class	15	<ul> <li>Hannigan, J. (2022). Environmental Sociology. London: Routledge.</li> <li>Text Book for Environmental Studies: New Delhi: University Grants Commission.</li> <li>https://www.ugc.gov.in/oldpdf/mode lcurriculum/env.pdf</li> <li>Environmental Sociology, UGC MOOCs UG Course (Course code- 109).</li> <li>Link to access: https://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/inde x.php/courses/view_ug/285</li> </ul>
II.	Development Goals for Environmental protection. Environmental Movements in India. Narmada Bachao Andolan: Emergence, objectives, leadership, timeline and outcome of the movement. Ganga Bachao Abhiyan : Emergence, objectives, leadership, timeline and outcome	Theoretical and Tutorial Class	15	Karan, P. P. (1994). Environmental Movements in India. <i>Geographical</i> <i>Review</i> , 84(1), 32–41. https://doi.org/10.2307/215779 Environmental Movements in India, IGNOU Link: https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/12 3456789/78424/1/Unit-11.pdf

	of the movement.Silent ValleyMovements:Emergence,objectives, leadership,timeline and outcomeof the movement.Eco-feministMovement:Emergence,objectives, leadership,timeline and outcomeof the movement.			Environmental Sociology, UGC MOOCs UG Course (Course code- 109). Link to access: <u>https://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/inde</u> <u>x.php/courses/view_ug/285</u>
III	Major Environmental Issues Global Warming and Climate Change. Loss of Biodiversity Deforestation Urban and Industrial Wastes	Theoretical and Tutorial Class	15	Text Book for Environmental Studies: New Delhi: University Grants Commission. <u>https://www.ugc.gov.in/oldpdf/mode</u> <u>lcurriculum/env.pdf</u>
IV	Environmental Protection efforts at the global and national levels Role of Civil society organisations and CSR in environmental protection	Theoretical and Tutorial Class	15	Text Book for Environmental Studies: New Delhi: University Grants Commission.https://www.ugc.gov.in/oldpdf/mode lcurriculum/env.pdfCivil Societies and Community Initiatives https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/12 3456789/12797/1/Unit-12.pdf

### **Text Books:**

- ✓ Hannigan, J. (2022). Environmental Sociology. London: Routledge.
- ✓ UGC (2004) Text Book for Environmental Studies: New Delhi: University Grants Commission. <u>https://www.ugc.gov.in/oldpdf/modelcurriculum/env.pdf</u>

✓ Environmental Sociology, UGC MOOCs UG Course (Course code-109). Link to access: <u>https://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/index.php/courses/view\_ug/285</u>

### **Reference Books:**

✓ Baviskar,A., (2005) IntheBellyoftheRiver:TribalConflictsOverDevelopmentintheNarmadaValley,New Delhi:Oxford University Press.

- ✓ Bell, M. M., & Ashwood, L. L. (2015). An invitation to environmental sociology. Sage Publications.
- ✓ Dunlap, R. E. (Ed.). (2002). Sociological theory and the environment: classical foundations, contemporary insights. Rowman & Littlefield.
- ✓ GadgilMadhav & &RamCh.Guha, (1996)Ecology&Equity:TheuseandabuseofNatureincontemporary India,New Delhi,OUP.
- ✓ MariaMies & VandanaShiva (1993)Ecofeminism,FernwoodPub.Halifax,NovaScotia,Canada.

#### **E-resources:**

- (1) Text Book for Environmental Studies: New Delhi: University Grants Commission. Link: <u>https://www.ugc.gov.in/oldpdf/modelcurriculum/env.pdf</u>
- (2) Environmental Sociology, UGC MOOCs UG Course (Course code-109). Link to access: <u>https://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/index.php/courses/view\_ug/285</u>

#### **Core-IX**

### **RuralSociology**

Rural Sociology is a specialized branch of sociology describing the society of villages and ruralareas. As the rural areas or the villages mark the beginning of human civilization, this paper isdesigned to bring out the distinct features of the rural society with their typologies and typicalities. In the present paper an attempt is made to introduce the student with the development of this branchovertime with its focus on the typicality of Indian villages, their structures, changing features and social problems faced by therural people.

#### **Course Outcome:**

• By the time the students have completed this course, they will be able to demonstrate an understanding on the emergence and growth of rural sociology,

existing complexities in rural social structure, emerging rural social problems and policy measures implemented to arrest those problems.

### Unit-I:Introduction toRuralSociology

- Meaning, Definition & Nature
- Origin&SubjectMatterofRuralSociology
- Importance of Rural Sociology
- Evolution and Growth of Village Community

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to explain the emergence and growth of rural sociology as a subject of sociological enquiry, and the contributions of different sociologists at both global and national levels for the rise of this subdiscipline.

### **Unit-II:RuralSocial Structure**

- •VillageCommunity-Meaning&Types
- •Rural-UrbanContrast&Continuum
- Land Ownership, Agricultural mode of production and emerging class structure in India
  DominantCaste

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to analyse the complexities of rural social structure in terms of its land ownership pattern, agricultural mode of production and caste relationship.

### **Unit-III: Rural Social Problems**

- Poverty and Unemployment
- •Depeasantization and Labour migration
- Indebtedness
- Ruralfactionalism

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of emerging rural social problems such as poverty, unemployment, depeasantization, labour migration, indebtedness and rural factionalism.

### **Unit-IV:RuralDevelopmentProgrammes**

- Communitydevelopmentprogrammes, land reforms, cooperativemovements, Green Revolution, panchayatiraj system,
- Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural EmploymentGuarantee Scheme(MGNREGS)
- NationalRuralLivelihood Mission(NRLM)
- NationalRuralHealthMission(NRHM)

# Learning outcome:

Students will be able to analyse the impact of various rural development programmes launched time to time to arrest the emerging rural social problems.

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Historical development of rural sociology as a distinct subfield in sociology as well as its relationship with related subjects and the broader discipline of Sociology. The scholarly contributions of sociologists of different countries in general and Indian Rural Sociologists in particular (for example A. R. Desai and Ramakrishna Mukharjee's work). The emergence of village studies tradition (For example, to start with R. Redfield's work on village community) both at the global level and studies on Indian villages (for example, M. N. Srinivas's <i>India's</i> <i>Village, The</i> <i>Remembered Village,</i> S. Dube's Indian <i>Village</i> and McKim Marriott's <i>Village</i> <i>India</i> ).	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Desai, A. R. (2019) <i>Rural</i> <i>Sociology in India</i> (Part I: Chapter- 1 and 2). New Delhi: Sage.</li> <li>Doshi, S. L. and Jain, P.C. (1999) <i>Rural Sociology</i>. New Delhi: Rawat Publication.</li> <li>Desai, A. R. (1956). Rural Sociology: Its Need in India. <i>Sociological</i> <i>Bulletin</i>, 5(1), 9-28.</li> </ol>

П	Emanaira abarrasi	Theory sleep	15	
II.	Emerging changes in land ownership,	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	Reading Text:
	narrowing rural-urban	r dtorrar crass		(1) Desai, A. R. (2019) Rural
	difference, emerging			Sociology in India (Part I: Chapter- 3 and 4, Part II:
	class structure and			Section IV-Indian Village
	changes in caste			Community). New Delhi:
	relationship.			Sage.
	The land reforms			(2) Doshi, S. L. and Jain, P.C.
	programme:			(1999) Rural Sociology. New
	Distributive justice,			Delhi: Rawat Publication.
	abolition of			
	intermediaries,			
	imposition of land			
	ceiling and			
	distribution of ceiling			
	surplus land.			
	The debate on land			
	reforms and its			
	consequent impact on			
	marginalized			
	communities			
	(scheduled caste,			
	scheduled tribe and			
	women).			
	The debate on			
	'agricultural mode of			
	production and			
	emerging class			
	structure in India'.			
	Intervention and			
	participation of			
	sociologists in the			
	mode of production			
	debate highlighting			
	missing sociological			
	issues.			
III	The sociological	Theory class and	15	Reading Text:
	approach to	Tutorial class		(1) Desai, A. R. (2019) Rural
	understand rural			Sociology in India. New
	poverty. Causes and			Delhi: Sage.
	trend of poverty in			(2) Doshi, S. L. and Jain, P.C. $(1000)$ B $ls = ls = ls$
	India. Social reasons			(1999) <i>Rural Sociology</i> . New Delhi: Rawat Publication.
	attached to rural			Denn: Kawat Publication.
	poverty.			
	The trend of			
	depeasantization in			

- ✓ Singh, Kartar
   (1995) Rural Development: Principal Policies and Management, Sage, New Delhi.
   ✓ Development: A Development: Principal Policies and Management, Sage, New Delhi.
- ✓ Desai,A.R. (1997) RuralSociologyinIndia,PopularPrakashn,Bombay.
- ✓ S.L.Doshi,S. L& P.C.Jain (2002)RuralSociology,Jaipur,Rawat.

# **Reference Books:**

- ✓ Ahuja, Ram (2011) Rural Sociology, Popular Prakashan Ltd.
- ✓ Maheswari,S.R
   (1985)RuralDevelopmentinIndia,SagePublication, NewDelhi.
- ✓ Singh, Kartar (1995) Rural Development: Principal Policies and Management, Sage, New Delhi.

#### Core X

# ResearchMethodology-I

Since the days of August Comte, debates and deliberations have been initiated to provide a scientific character to social sciences. In this attempt, empirical research as an integral part of observing social reality with cannons of objectivity without subjective predisposition. Gradually, research methods have been developed and introduced in social sciences to bring it in par with scientific observations.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Students get acquainted with the scientific ways of studying social phenomena.
- Paper will provide students with research insights necessary to capture the most relevant data in an objective manner.
- The market of this paper will be very high as the students well versed with this paper will be highly demanded in academics, fundamental research, and policy research

#### Unit-I:Introduction toSocialResearch

- Meaning& Significance of Social Research
- Fact, Concept & Theory.

- ScientificMethod: Characteristics, Inductive and Deductive method
- MajorStepsinSocialResearch

### Lesson Outcome:

• Students can get an understanding of the nature of scientific methods, nature of social phenomena and the way of attaining value neutrality.

### Unit-II: Hypothesis&Sampling

- Meaning and Characteristics of Hypothesis
- Types and sources of Hypothesis
- Sampling-Meaning&Characteristics
- Typesofsampling-probability&non-probability

### **Lesson Outcome:**

• To develop an insight into the need and types of research design and sampling method for attending objectivity in social research.

### Unit-III: Methods, ToolsandTechniquesofDataCollection

- Quantitative and Qualitativemethods, Historical and Comparative method.
- Survey method,
- InterviewSchedule,Questionnaire
- Observation, Interview, Ethnography, Casestudy and FGD

### Lesson Outcome:

• This unit helps the students take up the skill of developing research tools and understand the ways of adopting certain research methods.

### Unit-IV:DataAnalysis&ReportWriting

- SignificanceofMeasuresofCentralTendency
- Mean, Median, Mode
- TabulationandDataAnalysis
- ReportWriting

### Lesson Outcome:

• This unit helps the students helps students in understanding the uses of measures of central tendency, develop skills on data analysis and report writing.

Lesson Plan

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No.	References
			of Classes	

Ι	Meaning& Significance ofSocialResearch Fact, Concept & Theory. ScientificMethod: Characteristics, Inductive and Deductive method MajorStepsinSocialR esearch	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	18	<ul><li>Ranjit Kumar. (2016). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications</li><li>Babbie, E.(2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth.</li></ul>
II.	Meaning andCharacteristicsofH ypothesis Types andsources ofHypothesis Sampling- Meaning&Characteris tics Typesofsampling- probability&non- probability	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	10	Ranjit Kumar. (2016). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications
III	<ul> <li>Quantitative and</li> <li>Qualitativemethods ,</li> <li>Historical and</li> <li>Comparative method.</li> <li>Survey method,</li> <li>InterviewSchedule,Qu</li> <li>estionnaire</li> <li>Observation,</li> <li>Interview,</li> <li>Ethnography,</li> <li>Casestudy and FGD</li> </ul>	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials	18	Babbie, E.(2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth.
IV	SignificanceofMeasur esofCentralTendency Mean,Median, Mode TabulationandDataAn alysis ReportWriting	Classroom Lectures & Tutorials		Research Methodology. (2017). <i>Mean,</i> <i>Median Mode</i> . IGNOU. <u>http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/123456789/2</u> <u>3457</u> .

1	

- ✓ Ranjit Kumar. (2016). Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners. Sage Publications.
- ✓ Babbie, E. (2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth.

#### Reference Book

- ✓ Bryman, Alan. (1988). QualityandQuantityinSocialResearch, UnwinHyman, London.
- ✓ Corbetta, P. (2003). Social research: Theory, methods and techniques. Sage.
- ✓ Kothari, C.R (1985)ResearchMethodology:MethodsandTechniques,Bangalore, WileyEastern.
- ✓ Young, P.V. (1939) ScientificSocialSurveyandResearch, PrenticeHall, NewDelhi.

#### **E- Resources**

✓ Research Methodology. (2017). *Mean, Median Mode*. IGNOU. http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/123456789/23457.

Semester-V

#### Core-XI

# **Contemporary Social Issues in India**

Contemporary Indian society is facing number of social problems starting from agrarian crisis to crisis of identity. The paper deals with four major contemporary social issues in India.

#### **Course Outcome:**

• By the time the students have completed this course, they will be able to understand the contemporary social issues such as Agrarian crisis in India and farmers' suicide, Causes and consequences of distress migration., Identity and its different dimensions, and Contemporary conflicts and its various manifestations.

#### **Unit-I: Agrarian Crisis in India**

- Agrarian Crisis during colonial, post-colonial, and neo-liberal India
- Neo-liberal agrarian crisis and populist politics in India
- Farmer suicides in India- Factors associated and regional trends
- Debates on farmer suicides in India

#### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to explain the agrarian crisis during colonial, post-colonial and recent times, and the ongoing debate on agrarian distress and farmer suicides in India.

### **Unit-II: Distress Migration in India**

- Distress Labour Migration: trends, patterns, problems, and prospects
- Poverty and migration
- Agrarian distress and migration
- Environmental crisis and migration

### Learning Outcome:

Students will be able to analyse the causes and consequences of growing distress migration in India.

# **Unit-III: Identity in Contemporary Times**

- Conceptualisation and formation of Identities, Nation as Imagined Community
- Late Modernity and Identity: Globalization
- The Global, The Local and Return of Ethnicity
- Transnationalism and Identity: Rise of Fundamentalism, Diasporic Identity, Hybridity

# Learning Outcome:

After completing this unit students will be able to explain the conceptualisation and formation of identities at different phases of time.

# **Unit- IV: Contemporary Conflicts**

- Concepts of Conflict, Theories of Conflicts (Coser and Dahrendorf).
- Infrastructure development and conflict- Causes, Consequences and Strategy for conflict prevention and management.
- Resource extraction and social conflict in Rural and Tribal areas in India- Causes of its emergence and Consequences for the local community.

• Democracy and Conflict- Democracy, Development and social conflicts/movements

# **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the diverse causes of contemporary conflict emerging from infrastructural development projects, resource extraction and democratic politics.

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total Classes	References
Ι	Agrarian Crisis in India	Theory	15	
	Agrarian Crisis during	class and		Mohanty, B. B. (2019) Agrarian

# Lesson Plan:

	colonial, post-colonial, and neo-liberal India Neo-liberal agrarian crisis and populist politics in India Farmer suicides in India- Factors associated and regional trends Debates on farmer suicides in India	Tutorial class		Transformation in Western India EconomicGains and Social Costs. London:Routledge. (Chapter 2: From Colonialismto Neoliberalism: The Trajectory ofAgrarian Transformation)Agrarian Strategy, Agrarian Crisis andFarmers Suicides. UGC.Link to access:https://youtu.be/mzKD03kkxc8?si=xfK41m01YJkcqJ2B
П.	Distress Migration in India Distress Labour Migration: trends, patterns, problems, and prospects Poverty and migration Agrarian distress and migration Environmental crisis and migration	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	Mohanty, B. B. (2019) Agrarian Transformation in Western India Economic Gains and Social Costs. London: Routledge. (Chapter 6: Rural Poverty and Rural Labour Migration)
III	Identity in ContemporaryTimesConceptualisation andformation of Identities,Nation as ImaginedCommunityLate Modernity andIdentity: GlobalizationThe Global, The Localand Return of EthnicityTransnationalism andIdentity: Rise ofFundamentalism,Diasporic Identity,Hybridity	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	Oomen, T.K. (1999). "Conceptualizing Nation and Nationality in South Asia" in S.L. Sharma and T.K. Oomen (ed.) <i>Nation</i> <i>and National Identity in South Asia</i> . New Delhi: Orient Longman Private Limited Anderson, B. (1983). <i>Imagined</i> <i>Communities</i> . London: Verso.
IV	Contemporary Conflicts Concepts of Conflict, Theories of Conflicts (Coser and Dahrendorf).	Theory class and Tutorial class	15	Coser, A. (1956). Function of Social Conflict. London. Routeledge and Kegan Paul. Dahrendorf, R. (1959). Class and Class

Infrastructure development and conflict- Causes, Consequences and Strategy for conflict prevention and management. Resource extraction and social conflict in Rural and Tribal areas in India- Causes of its emergence and Consequences for the local community. Democracy and Conflict- Democracy, Development and social	Conjlict in Industrial Society. London. Routeledge and Kegan Paul. Dunlap, A. & Jacobsen, J. (2019). The Violent Technologies of Extraction: Political Ecology, Critical Agrarian Studies and the Capitalist Worldeater. Palgrave Macmillan.
Development and social conflicts/movements	

### **Reference books:**

- ✓ Mohanty, B. B. (2019) Agrarian Transformation in Western India: Economic Gains and Social Costs. London: Routledge.
- ✓ Bisht, A., & Gerber, J. F. (2017). Ecological distribution conflicts (EDCs) over mineral extraction in India: An overview. The Extractive Industries and Society, 4(3), 548-563.
- ✓ Coser, L. A. (1956). The functions of social conflict. Routledge.
- ✓ Giddens, A. (2001). Sociology. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- ✓ Hall, S., & Du Gay, P. (Eds.). (1996). Questions of cultural identity: SAGE Publications.
- ✓ Padmalal, D., & Maya, K. (2014). Sand mining: environmental impacts and selected case studies. Springer.
- ✓ Ramos Suárez, E., & Pérez, G. (2018). Development and conflicts linked to infrastructure construction. ISU.
- ✓ Oomen, T.K. (1999). "Conceptualizing Nation and Nationality in South Asia" in S.L. Sharma and T.K. Oomen (ed.) Nation and National Identity in South Asia. New Delhi: Orient Longman Private Limited

- ✓ McGrew, A. (1992). 'A Global Society' in Stuart Hall, David Held and Tony Mc Grew (ed.) Modernity and its Futures. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- ✓ Anderson, B. (1983). Imagined Communities. London: Verso.

#### **E-resources:**

1. Agrarian Strategy, Agrarian Crisis and Farmers Suicides. UGC. Link to access: <u>https://youtu.be/mzKD03kkxc8?si=xfK4lm01YJkcqJ2B</u>

### Core XII

# SocialMovementsinIndia

Movements reflect the voices raised against the prevailing practices of a society. Every societywitnessessocialmovementinsomeformortheother.Movementsbringsocialchangean dtransformation.Itisacollectiveeffortthatisdrivenbyparticularissuesandbringsforthchanges .The present paper tries to provide a rudimentary impression to the students about the concept, natureand typesofmovementswitha thrustonthemovementswitnessedbyIndian society.

#### **Course outcomes:**

- Tointroducetothestudentswiththeconceptofsocialmovements and their dynamics.
- Tohelpthemunderstandthevariousapproaches tothestudyofsocialmovements.

#### **Unit-I:SocialMovement**

• Meaning, nature, characteristics and stages of Social Movements

- Theories of Social Movement (Resource mobilization, relative deprivation, structural strain theory)
- •TypesofSocialMovement-Revolutionary, Reforms, Revival
- •New Social Movements: Meaning and characteristics, Political factions, Pressure Groups & Civil Society.

### **Learning Outcome:**

- After reading this unit, the students can understand the meaning, nature, characteristics, types and stages of a social movement and why a movement emerges.
- They can make a distinction between an old and a new social movement.

### Unit-II:PeasantMovementsinIndia

- •ChamparanSatyagraha
- •Moplah Rebellion
- •TheTebhagaMovementinBengal
- •ThePeasantRevoltinTelengana

### **Learning Outcome:**

- After reading this unit, the students can reflect upon major peasant movements fought in pre-and post-independence period in India representing two important kinds of protest strategies: violent and non-violent.
- The students can visualize the social background for the emergence of a peasant movement along with its collective mobilization, leadership, and impact on the larger society.

### Unit-III: Tribal and BackwardCasteMovementsinIndia

- MaharMovementinMaharashtra
- Dalit&Non-BrahminMovementinTamil Nadu, SNDPmovementinKerala
- SanthalInsurrection
- Bodoland Movement &JharkhandMovement

### **Learning Outcome:**

• After going through the unit, the students can have a detailed understanding of the nature and dynamics of tribal and backward caste movements in India as well as their impact on Indian society towards a creative transformation.

### **Unit-IV:Social Movements in Odisha**

- Movement by Chasi Mulia Adivasi Sangathan
- Chilika Bachao Andolan
- Niyamgiri Movement
- Thengapali movement

### Learning outcome:

• After reading this unit, the students can reflect upon different types of new social movements in Odisha which aims at preserving the environmental vitality, sacred and

communitarian identity and sustainable livelihood.

Less	Lesson Plans:					
Unit	Thrust area	Teachin g methods	Total classes require d	References		
Ι	Meaning,nature,char acteristics and stagesofSocialMove ments, Theories of Social Movement, TypesofSocialMove ments, New Social Movements: Meaning and characteristics, Political factions, Pressure Groups & Civil Society.	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Joshi, Vidyut & Rushiraj Upadhyay. (2022). Social Movements. Rawat Publications. New Delhi. Chapter-1 and 2. Ghosh, Biswajit. (2024). Exploring social movements: Theories, experiences and trends. Routledge Taylor Francis Group. Chapter-1 and 2. CEC Lecture on Social Movement <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zw32</u> <u>kF9jXNI</u>		
Π	MajorPeasantMovements in Indiafocusing on theirCauses of origin,Collectivemobilization,leadership, impact ofthe protest, anddecline:ChamparanSatyagraha, MoplahRebellion, TheTebhaga Movementin Bengal,The Peasant Revoltin Telengana	Lecture and tutorial class	15	<ul> <li>Dhanagare D. N. (1983). Peasants Movements in India. Oxford University Press.</li> <li>Majumdar, Asok. (2011). The tebhaga movement: politics of peasant protest in Bengal 1946-1950. New Delhi: Aakar books.</li> <li>Odisha State Open University eGyankosh, Peasant Movements in India. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/1234567</u> <u>89/67775/1/Unit-8.pdf</u></li> </ul>		
III	In FelengaliaTribal and BackwardCaste Movements inIndia focusing ontheir socialbackground,collectivemobilization,impacts and decline.Mahar Movement inMaharashtra, Dalit&Non-BrahminMovement in TamilNadu, SNDPmovement in Kerala,	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Singh, K.S. (1982). Tribal Movements in India. Foundation Pub. New Delhi. Shah, G. (1990). Social Movements in India, Sage Publication. New Delhi. eGyankosh, Backward class movements. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/1234567</u> <u>89/24723/1/Unit-8.pdf</u> eGyankosh, Tribal and ethnic movements. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/1234567</u> <u>89/74562/1/Unit-10.pdf</u>		

	Santhal Insurrection, Bodoland Movement &Jharkhand				
	Movement				
IV	Social Movements in Odisha, Movement by Chasi Mulia Adivasi Sangathan, Chilika Bachao Andolan, Niyamgiri Movement, Thengapali movement	and	15	Rath, Navaneeta. (2020). Movements in India. Kalyani.	Social

- ✓ Ghosh, Biswajit. (2024). Exploring social movements: Theories, experiences and trends. Routledge Taylor Francis Group.
- ✓ *Rao, M.S.A. (1983). Social Movements in India. OUP Delhi.*
- ✓ *Rath, Navaneeta. (2020). Social Movements in India. Kalyani.*
- ✓ Shah, G. (1990). Social Movements in India, Sage Publication. New Delhi.

#### **References:**

- ✓ Dhanagare D. N. (1983). Peasants Movements in India. Oxford University Press.
- ✓ Ghosh, Biswajit. (2020). Social Movements: Concepts, Experiences and concerns. New Delhi:Sage Publication.
- ✓ Majumdar, Asok. (2011). The tebhaga movement: politics of peasant protest in Bengal 1946-1950. New Delhi: Aakar books.
- ✓ Sahu, D. R. (2012). Sociology of Social Movement. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
- ✓ Singh, K.S. (1982). Tribal Movements in India. Foundation Pub. New Delhi.

#### e-Resources:

- 1. Borde, Radhika & Bettina Bluemling. (2021). Representing indigenous sacred land: The case of the Niyamgiri movement in India. *Capitalism Nature Socialism*, 32 (1), 68-87.https://doi.org/10.1080/10455752.2020.1730417
- 2. CEC Lecture on Social Movement https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zw32kF9jXNI
- 3. eGyankosh, Backward class movements. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/24723/1/Unit-8.pdf
- 4. eGyankosh, Tribal and ethnic movements. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/74562/1/Unit-10.pdf
- 5. eGyankosh, Social Movements. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/18910/1/Unit-35.pdf
- 6. eGyankosh, Case studies on democratic people's struggle, The Chilka movement: a case study. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/25321/1/Unit-8.pdf</u>
- 7. Kumar, K. The sacred mountain: Confronting global capital at Niyamgiri. Geoforum (2013), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/ j.geoforum.2013.11.008
- 8. Odisha State Open University eGyankosh, Peasant Movements in India.

https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/67775/1/Unit-8.pdf

#### **Core XIII**

# **Globalisation and Society**

Globalization is the dominant process of social change in the contemporary world. It has resulted in the sinking of time and space and social distanciation in the world. It is a new coinage for an old process. It has its own dimensions, distinct features and impacts on society. It has given birth to new role players. All these are the focal points of discussion of this paper.

#### **Course Outcome:**

• By the time the students have completed this course, they will be able to understand the meaning and nature of globalization process, its historical mooring, its dimensions and impacts, the agencies that control the globalization process and critical understanding about the varying impact of globalization.

#### **Unit-I: Globalisation**

- Meaning, characteristics of Globalisation
- Emergence of Globalisation
- •Liberalisation- Meaning and characteristics
- Privatisation- Meaning and characteristics

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to explain the emergence and growth of globalization, contributions of different disciplines (i.e. economics, political science and history) to study globalization, liberalization and privatization.

### **Unit-II: Dimensions of Globalisation**

- •Economic
- •Technological
- Political
- •Cultural

**Learning Outcome:**Students will be able to analyse different dimensions of globalization using specific case studies.

#### **Unit-III: Consequences of Globalisation**

- •Rising Inequality
- •Environmental Degradation
- •Consumerism
- •Health and Security

#### **Learning Outcome:**

Students will be able to demonstrate an understanding of the consequences of globalization on different spheres of society.

### **Unit-IV: Impact of Globalisation in Indian Context**

- •Impact on Culture
- •Impact on Education
- •Impact on Religion
- •Impact on Women

### **Learning Outcome:**

Students can explain the impact of globalization on India's culture, education, religion and women.

### Lesson Plan:

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Globalisation Meaning, characteristics of Globalisation	Classroom Lectures	10	Ritzer, G., & Dean, P. (2011). Globalization: the essentials. <i>NY: John</i> <i>Wiley &amp; Sons</i> . Video Lecture:

	Emergence of Globalisation: The historical account of globalisation Liberalisation- Meaning and characteristics Privatisation- Meaning and characteristics		<ul> <li>(1) Globalization : Concept, Causes and Consequences. CEC, Govt of India</li> <li><u>https://youtu.be/dr3tbpLLRcw?si</u> =48kqhj3mY2SqXRXf</li> </ul>
П.	Dimensions of Globalisation Economic Technological Political Cultural Specific case studies can be used to explain different dimensions of Globalisation (for example Arjun Appadurai's Cultural Disjuncture, Joseph Stiglitz's Globalisation and its discontents and George Ritzer's globalization of Nothing).		Ritzer, G., & Dean, P. (2011). Globalization: the essentials. <i>NY: John</i> <i>Wiley &amp; Sons</i> . Video Lecture: (1) Globalization: Dimensions, CEC, Govt of India. <u>https://youtu.be/D3dISBxcfXU?</u> <u>si=sY0gKdAJgD3NHMwh</u> (2) Cultural Globalisation, CEC, Govt. of India. <u>https://youtu.be/uSSoFWmV3T0?</u> <u>si=DuMg-Oa5-XMyJ4g5</u>
III	Consequences of Globalisation Rising Inequality Environmental Degradation		Ritzer, G., & Dean, P. (2011). Globalization: the essentials. <i>NY: John</i> <i>Wiley &amp; Sons</i> .

	Consumerism Health and Security		
IV	Impact of Globalisation in Indian Context Impact on Culture Impact on Education Impact on Religion Impact on Women		Globalization and Development in India, IGNOU. Link to access: <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/12345</u> <u>6789/10113/1/Unit%204.pdf</u>

- ✓ Rath, Navaneeta. (2022). Globalization and Society. New Delhi: Kalyani Publishers.
- ✓ *Ritzer, G., & Dean, P. (2011).Globalization: the essentials. NY: John Wiley & Sons.*

#### **References:**

- ✓ Appadurai, A. (1997). Modernity at large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization. Delhi, OUP.
- ✓ Bauman, Z. (1998). Globalization. The Human Consequences. Polity Press: UK.
- ✓ Bhagawati, J. (2004). In Defense of Globalization. Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- ✓ Panikkar, K. N., & Nair, M. B. (Eds.). (2012). Globalization and higher education in India. Pearson Education India.
- ✓ Singh, Y. (2006). Culture Change in India: Identity and Globalization. Jaipur: Rawat.
- ✓ Stiglitz, J. E. (2002). Globalization & its Discontents. W.W. Norton & Company.

#### **E-resources:**

 Globalization : Concept, Causes and Consequences. CEC, Govt of India Link: <u>https://youtu.be/dr3tbpLLRcw?si=48kqhj3mY2SqXRXf</u>

(2) Globalization: Dimensions, CEC, Govt of India. Link: <u>https://youtu.be/D3dISBxcfXU?si=sY0gKdAJgD3NHMwh</u>

(3) Cultural Globalisation, CEC, Govt. of India. Link: <u>https://youtu.be/uSSoFWmV3T0?si=DuMg-Oa5-XMyJ4g5</u> (4) Globalization and Development in India, IGNOU. Link:https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/10113/1/Unit%204.pdf

### Core XIV Semeste Urban S

# Semester VI Urban Sociology

The world where we live in has become urban world as more than half of its population lives in urban area today. Urbanization has been showing up unstoppable changes in the nationstates worldwide. However, the urban world brings forth both measurable prosperity and insurmountable problems.

### **Course Outcomes**:

- After studying this course the students gain multi-disciplinary and in-depth understanding of urban social life and its social and environmental consequences.
- The students can locate the urban space in the context of changing social issues and challenges
- Gain insight into urban problems as well as urban development programmes

### **Unit-I: Introduction to Urban Sociology**

- Meaning and subject matter of Urban Sociology
- Importance of Urban Sociology
- Specific traits of Urban Community
- Urbanism as a way of life

### Learning outcomes:

- After studying this unit the students will get well acquainted with the subject matter and importance of urban sociology.
- The students can visualise the specific traits of urban community and urbanism in the growing urban world.

### Unit-II: Theories of patterns of city growth

- Concentric zone theory
- Sector model
- Multiple nuclei theory
- Exploitative model and symbolic approach theory

### Learning outcomes:

• After studying this unit the students would be able to discuss the structure of city and critically analyse its growth models.

# **Unit-III: Urban Social Problems**

- Urban Crime
- Problem of Slums
- Problem in Urban Basic Services
- Urban Pollution

### Learning outcomes:

• After studying this unit the students would be able to evaluate the urban crimes, urban slums, urban pollution and urban basic services the contemporary urban world is confronting.

### Pedagogy:

- Make a field visit to study the problems of urban slums/basic urban services
- Make a survey of how and why urban area get polluted
- Make a survey report on the urban crime and social life

# Unit-IV: Urban Development Programmes in India

- Smart City Mission (SCM)
- Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM)
- Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT)
- National Urban Livelihoods Mission (NULM)

### Learning outcomes:

• After studying this unit the students would be able to evaluate different Urban Development Programmes in details.

### **Pedagogy:**

Field visit/ survey/case study on urban development programmes

### **Lesson Plans**

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Subject matter and	Lecture/	15	1. Wirth, L. 1938. 'Urbanism as

	importance of Urban Sociology, Specific traits of Urban Community and Urbanism	tutorial		Way of Life', American Journal of Sociology, Vol. 44, July, pp. 3-24. 2. Introduction to Urban Sociology <u>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1gC- J1HAIB-</u> <u>amb1M6g4n54279_c3DCOFj/vi</u> <u>ew</u> 3. Video on Urban sociology (CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= TJVH-Rz8OVU
Π	Theories of patterns of city growth- Concentric zone theory, Sector model, Multiple nuclei theoryand Exploitative model and symbolic approach theory	Lecture/ tutorial	15	<ol> <li>Park, R. E. 1925. The City. Chicago: Chicago University Press.</li> <li>Theories of Patterns of City Growth by Odisha State Open University</li> <li>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Tor wVrOw7qS7EvUkuikvHFpaikZ FpH56/view</li> </ol>
III	Urban Crime, Problem of Slums, Problem in Urban Basic Services and Urban Pollution	Lecture/Tut orial/ for Field works	15	<ol> <li>Singh, Brijendra Nath (2016) Socio-economic Conditions of Slums Dwellers: A Theoretical Study, Kaav International Journal of Arts, Humanities &amp; Social Sciences</li> <li>Mishra, A.K. and Mishra S. (2008) "Water Pollution and Changing Livelihood</li> <li>Urban Social Problems (Odisha State Open University)</li> <li>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1L3T rH9No640lhP43eEfnISfjzeCX9a x2/view</li> <li>Urban Crime (Odisha State Open University)</li> <li>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1L3T rH9No640lhP43eEfnISfjzeCX9a x2/view</li> <li>Urban Crime (Odisha State Open University)</li> <li>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1L3T rH9No640lhP43eEfnISfjzeCX9a x2/view</li> <li>Video on Urban Environment Pollution(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t yoMahMUFXo</li> </ol>
IV	Urban Development	Lecture/Tut	15	1. Kundu, D. (2014). Urban

<b>D</b> rogrammas in	orial/ for	development programmed in
Programmes in	011al/ 101	development programmes in
India- SCM,	Field works	India: A critique of JNNURM.
JNNURM,		Social Change, 44(4), 615-
AMRUTand NULM		632.
		2. Urban Sociology - Urban
		Development Programmes In
		India
		https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qGa
		<u>bARKjVZL4wwWkoDKZmGh</u>
		XBvpMAFK1/view

- ✓ Acharya. B.C., 2013. Urban Sociology, New Delhi: Wisdom Press
- ✓ Sharma, R.N. 2014, Urban Sociology, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd
- ✓ Rao M.S.A, 1992: Urban Sociology in India, New Delhi: Orient Longman
- ✓ Jayapalan, N. (2002). Urban Sociology. Atlantic Publishers.

# **References:**

- ✓ Wirth, L. 1938. 'Urbanism as Way of Life', American Journal of Sociology, Vol. 44, July, pp. 3-24.
- ✓ Park, R. E. 1925. The City. Chicago: Chicago University Press.
- ✓ Singh, Brijendra Nath (2016) Socio-economic Conditions of Slums Dwellers: A Theoretical Study, Kaav International Journal of Arts, Humanities & Social Sciences
- ✓ Mishra, A.K. and Mishra S. (2008) "Water Pollution and Changing Livelihood
- Kundu, D. (2014). Urban development programmes in India: A critique of JNNURM. Social Change, 44(4), 615-632. MacionisJ.John& Parillo N. Vincent, (5th Edition).2011. Cities and Urban Life. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Patel, S & Dev, K. 2006. Urban Studies. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

E.Resources:

- 1. Video on Urban sociology (CEC, New Delhi)
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TJVH-Rz8OVU</u>

3. Introduction to Urban Sociology (Odisha State Open University)

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1gC-J1HAIB-amb1M6g4n54279\_c3DCOFj/view

4. Theories of Patterns of City Growth (Odisha State Open University)

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1TorwVrOw7qS7EvUkuikvHFpaikZFpH56/view

- 5. Video on Urban Environment Pollution(CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tyoMahMUFXo
- 6. Urban Social Problems (Odisha State Open University) https://drive.google.com/file/d/1L3TrH9No64olhP43eEfnISfjzeCX9ax2/view
- Urban Crime (Odisha State Open University) https://drive.google.com/file/d/1L3TrH9No64olhP43eEfnISfjzeCX9ax2/view
- 8. Urban Sociology Urban Development Programmes In India (Odisha State Open University)

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qGabARKjVZL4wwWkoDKZmGhXBvpMAFKl/view

9. Video on Urban Environment (CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PxInKuEGjV0

### Core XV

# **Sociology of Health**

Human health issues have been drawing a serious global attention since corona pandemic. Despite virus impact human health has been the issue of social problems over the centuries. In this context, the sociology of health or medical sociology, studies the relationship between human health issues, medical institutions and society through the application of sociological theories and research methods.

#### **Course outcomes:**

- Students will come to know about the health dimensions and determinants as well as health programmes and reforms
- Get introduced with theoretical perspectives that analyse the dynamics of local, regional and global health knowledge.
- Can learn about the contemporary trends of sociology of health in India
- Can gain understanding on health sector reforms of Government of India.

#### **Unit–I: Sociology of Health**

- •Meaning, Emergence and Scope
- •Dimensions of Health (Physical and Mental)

- Social Determinants of Health
- •Indian system of Medicine

### Learning outcome:

- After reading this unit, the students will able to understand how sociology of health has been an important area of concern in contemporary societies.
- It deals with the meaning, origin and the subject matter of sociology of health as well as dimensions and determinants of health. It also reveals the holistic dimensions of Indian systems of medicine and its contemporary dynamics.

### **Unit–II: Sociological Perspectives on Health**

- Functionalist
- Marxist
- Interactionist
- Post-structuralist

### Learning outcome:

- After going through this unit, the students can demonstrate how different sociological perspectives deal with the sociology of health. While functional perspective talks about function of health care institutions for the fitness and health of the society, conflict perspective concerns with privatization and commodification of health.
- The interactionist perspective deals with the perception and experience of individuals as they negotiate with the health care institutions whereas post-structuralist perspective says that power is exercised through the everyday discursive practices of the doctors in medical establishments.

### **Unit-III: Health Programs in India**

- Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana (PMSSY)
- Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY)
- •National Urban Health Mission (NUHM)
- •Biju Swasthya Kalyan Yojna in Odisha (BSKY)

### Learning outcome:

- In this unit the students will be acquainted with the principles and practices of different health policies and programs conducted by the government of India as well as the state government.
- The students can make fieldwork/survey to know the implementation of these programmes.

### Unit-IV: Health Sector Reforms of the Government of India

- •Health Policies of the Government of India
- •Role of ICDS
- Protective & Preventive measures

•Promotive measures (modern & indigenous)

### Learning outcome:

- After reading this unit, the students will understand the various facets of health sector reforms in policy levels and the preventive, protective and promotive measures of health along with the role of ICDS in providing health care in India.
- The students will be asked to undertake a case study of ICDS in their area.

#### **Lesson Plans:**

Unit	Thrust area	Teaching methods	Total number of classes required	References
I	Meaning, Emergence, Scope, and Dimensions of Health (Physical and Mental), Social Determinants of Health, Indian system of Medicine	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Nagla, Madhu. (2018). Sociology of health and medicine. Rawat: New Delhi. Chapter-1,2, & 3. CEC Lecture on Sociology of Health and medicine. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</u> =U47iO1kmZPg
П	Sociological Perspectives on Health Functionalist, Marxist, Interactionist and Post- structuralist	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Nagla, Madhu. (2018). Sociology of health and medicine. Rawat: New Delhi. Chapter-4.
III	Health Programs in India, Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana (PMSSY) Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) National Urban Health Mission (NUHM) Biju Swasthya Kalyan Yojna in Odisha (BSKY)	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Akram, M. (2014). Sociology of health. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Health Programmes in India, e- resources of Odisha State Open University. <u>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1M_J0b90HMa_19B-</u> <u>gP7qXA2TBKqhqGnKV/view</u>
IV	Health Sector Reforms of the Government of India: Health Policies of the Government of India, Role of ICDS, Protective & Preventive measures, Promotive measures	Lecture, tutorial class and Practical class	15	<ul> <li>Bal, B. (2021). Sociology Of</li> <li>Health. Kalyani Publisher.</li> <li>Nagla, Madhu. (2018). Sociology</li> <li>of health and medicine. Rawat:</li> <li>New Delhi. Chapter-22</li> <li>Health sector reforms of the</li> <li>Government of India, e-Resources</li> </ul>

(modern & indigenous)	of Odisha State Open University.
	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1E-
	hurl9UpahmL3P7JL0HwfGmUKb2
	4pzK/view

- ✓ Akram, M. (2014). Sociology of Health, Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
- ✓ Bal, B. (2021). Sociology of Health. Kalyani Publisher.
- ✓ Nagla, Madhu. (2018). Sociology of health and medicine. Rawat: New Delhi.

#### **References:**

- ✓ Barry, A. M., & Yuill, C. (2011). Understanding the sociology of health: An introduction. Sage Publications.
- ✓ Blaxter, M. (2004). Health. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- ✓ Nagla, Madhu. (2013). Readings in Indian Sociology: Volume IV: Sociology of Health. Sage Publications.
- ✓ White, K. (2016). An Introduction to Sociology of Health and Illness (third edition). London: Sage.

#### e- Resources:

- 1. CEC Lecture on Sociology of Health and medicine. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U47iO1kmZPg
- 2. CEC, Sociology of Health. <u>https://youtu.be/U47iO1kmZPg?si=OEK217c82x4I9KFY</u>
- 3. EPG- Pathshala, Sociology of Health <u>https://youtu.be/Wb39aXpqOmQ?si=8mf\_T8dPRWrMi8R3</u>
- 4. EPG- Pathshala, Determinants of health https://youtu.be/KpdR3CdUzrg?si=g6gtC\_woJ7Y8-AQv
- 5. EPG- Pathshala, Indian System of Medicine https://youtu.be/x4eenIjo6Uw?si=UaN20pr1E-QEdom0
- 6. EPG-Pathshala Theoretical perspective on sociology of health https://youtu.be/o\_kme456M\_Q?si=9KcT0S6i8fu48ZG3
- 7. EPG- Pathshala, Health policies and practices in India https://youtu.be/e4NONQWlwY?si=GK8th1qBQyF6MffJ
- 8. EPG- Pathshala, Evolution of Health Policy in India https://youtu.be/Csk5zsDrgA8?si=ytQ\_6B1A31T3QxEk
- 9. Health Programmes in India, e-resources of Odisha State Open University. https://drive.google.com/file/d/1M\_J0b90HMa\_19B-gP7qXA2TBKqhqGnKV/view
- 10. Health sector reforms of the Government of India, e-Resources of Odisha State Open University. <u>https://drive.google.com/file/d/1E-</u> hurl9UpahmL3P7JL0HwfGmUKb24pzK/view
- 11. Sociology of Health, DDCE, Utkal University

https://ddceutkal.ac.in/Syllabus/MA\_SOCIOLOGY/Paper-11.pdf

#### **Core-XVI**

### Semester VII

# **Research Methodology-II**

This paper takes the students to the next step to understanding social Research. This paper provides the perfect blend of theoretical and practical knowledge on research.

### **Course Outcome:**

• The students will have thorough knowledge onresearchprocess whichwill makethememployable in the fields involving research.

#### Unit I: Approaches and designs in Social Research

- Philosophy of Science
- Positivism and Anti-Positivism
- Post-Positivist Hermeneutic tradition.
- Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Experimental, Diagnostic

# **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit informs the students about the existing paradigms of research in social science and the acquaints the students with the major schools of thoughts that emerged in the post-enlightenment phase and afterwards. Develop an understanding among the students about research, its types, designs to be adopted for various types of research.

### **Unit II: Types of Research**

- Basic Research: Meaning, Area of application, process of application, outcomes and limitations
- Action Research: Meaning, Area of application, process of application, outcomes and limitations
- Evaluative Research: Meaning, Area of application, process of application, outcomes and limitations
- Analytical Research: Meaning, Area of application, process of application, outcomes and limitations

### **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit familiarizes the students with the different types of research and its appropriate application in different research contexts.

### Unit III: Measurement in Social Research

- Meaning and need for measurement
- Scales: Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio
- Likert Scale and Bogardus Scale
- Measurement of Attributes and Variables, Validity and Reliability

### **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit helps would be providing ideas about measurements and use of different scales in research.

### **Unit IV: Field Research and Application**

- Students need to pick up one among the following and submit a report:
- Conduct a Case Study and write a report
- Formulate a Schedule/Questionnaire and collect data and present it.
- Write a report on the basis of Observation
- Book Review Writing

### **Learning Outcome:**

• This unit helps the student have experiential knowledge in research from problem identification to application of various tools in the field situation and bringing solutions and deriving conclusions.

#### Lesson Plan

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Approaches to Social Science Research	Classro om	18	Creswell, J. W. (2014). A concise introduction to mixed methods

	Positivism Post-positivist Anti-positivism Research Design: Exploratory, Descriptive, Experimental, Diagnostic	Lecture s and Tutorial s		research. SAGE publications. Babbie, E.(2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth. Bryman, Alan. (1988). Quality and Quantity in Social Research. London: Unwin Hyman.
П.	Types of Research Basic Research Action Research Evaluative Research Analytical Research	Classro om Lecture s and Tutorial s	14	Babbie, E.(2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth.Vidya Mitra. (2018, April 27). Types of Research (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= aoSde4wc40Q
Ш	Measurement in Social Science Research Normal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio Likert Scale Bogardus Scale	Classro om Lecture s and Tutorial s	16	Babbie, E.(2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth.Vidya Mitra. (2016, May 5). Variables and Measurement (Video). You Tube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= kDWxeqCXU0E&t=5s
IV	Field Research and Application Steps adopted for different methods Report Writing	Practica 1 Class	12	Leary,O' Z. 2004. The Essential Guide to Doing Research. Sage Publications. Guthrie, G. (2010). Basic Research Methods. Sage publications. Beteille A., and T.N. Madan .1975. Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.

- ✓ Babbie, E.(2008). The Basics of Social Research. Thomson Wadsworth.
- ✓ Guthrie, G. (2010). Basic Research Methods. Sage publications.
- ✓ Reference Books
- ✓ Creswell, J. W. (2014). A concise introduction to mixed methods research. SAGE publications.
- ✓ Bryman, Alan. 1988. Quality and Quantity in Social Research. London: Unwin Hyman.

- ✓ Leary, O'Z. 2004. The Essential Guide to Doing Research. Sage Publications.
- ✓ Beteille A., and T.N. Madan .1975. Encounter and Experience: Personal Accounts of Fieldwork. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd.
- ✓ Mukherjee, P.N.eds. 2000. Methodology in Social Research: Dilemmas and Perspectives, Sa ge.

### **E-Resources**

- 1. Vidya Mitra. (2018, April 27). *Types of Research* (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aoSde4wc40Q
- 2. Vidya Mitra. (2016, May 5). *Variables and Measurement* (Video). You Tube. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kDWxeqCXU0E&t=5s</u>

# Core XVII

# Advanced Sociological Theories –I

The contribution of sociological theories is manifold. Sociological theory gives us a way to speak about, describe and interpret various social structure and social behaviors. Many of the facts that we take for granted about ourselves as human beings in an organized society have come to us through sociological theories. Sociological theories offer insights into the nature of society, social relationships, and the factors that influence human behavior. They might ask questions about the nature of social order and the kinds of processes that influence social change.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- To provide valuable insights for the practitioners of Sociology today.
- Make the learners aware of advanced sociological theories relevant for the operation of society.
- The paper will demonstrate to students as how particular theoretical perspectives emerged to understand social structures and social change at large.
- The students will be able to engage with conceptual framework in Sociology with ease and apply these to their comprehension of social issues.

### **Unit-I: Functionalism and structuralism**

- Malinowski: Theory of social structure and function, and Theory of needs.
- R. Radcliffe- Brown: Theory of Social Structure and structural system.

# **Learning Outcome:**

- After studying this unit the students would able to evaluate the strengths of the functionalist perspective on society
- See society as a structure with interrelated parts designed to meet the biological and social needs of the individuals.
- Like functionalists the students can use the organic analogy to describe the society.

# Unit-II: Structuralism of Levi-Strauss

- Basic Assumptions
- Social Structure as a Model of Social Reality
- Mythology and Kinship
- Totemism and Savage mind

# Learning Outcome:

- After studying this unit the students rather than understand cultural elements in isolation, examine how they relate to each other within cultural systems.
- The relationships and patterns -like symmetries, analogies, and metaphors as how reveal the deep structures of culture.
- Students can apply linguistic analogy to understand society.

# **Unit-III: Functionalism of Talcott Parsons**

- Basic Assumptions,
- Theory of Social Action
- Functional Prerequisites.
- Social System and Pattern Variables

# **Learning Outcome:**

• After studying this unit the students can gain grand conceptual schemes of social action, functional prerequisites, social system and pattern variables in maintaining social harmony and social order.

# Unit-IV: Structural-Functionalism of R. K Merton

- Functional Postulates
- Theories of Middle Range
- Manifest and Latent Functions
- Functional Paradigm

# Learning Outcome:

- Students get acquainted with Merton's clarified and codified functional analysis by removing unsupported assumptions.
- Can visualize the usefulness of functional postulates and paradigm
- Can develop a descriptive protocol to analysis

# Lesson Plans:

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Functionalis	Lecture	15	1. Radcliffe-Brown, A.R., 1976,

	m, Neo- functionalis m, structuralis m and Structural functionalis m in the study of Sociology	and Tutorial class		Structure and Function in Primitive Society, London: Free Press Chapter- IX & X, Pp. 178-204. 2. (Youtube CEC, New Delhi) Radcliffe Brown's Structural-Functional Approach-I <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o</u> <u>qcQARO9Hdi</u> , <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A02rzi</u> <u>wrCFI</u> 3. Functionalists and Structuralists Approach (IGNOU) https://www.egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/1234 56789/58554/1/Unit1.pdf, 4. Malinowski and Radcliffe- Brown(IGNOU) <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/1 8195</u>
Π	Social Structure as a Model of Social Reality.Soci al Structure of savage mind, myth, kinship and totemism	Lecture and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Levi-Strauss, C.1963. Structural Anthropology, New York: Basic Books.</li> <li>Levi-Strauss, C .1949. Elementary Structure of Kinship. Paris,</li> <li><u>https://www.egyankosh.ac.in/bitstrea</u> m/123456789/58554/1/Unit1.pdf (IGNOU)</li> </ol>
III	Theories of social action, functional prerequisite s, social system and pattern variables	Lecture and tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>Parsons, T. 1951.The Social System. London: Routledge. ch 1 &amp; 2. Pp. 1- 44.</li> <li>Parsons and Merton <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456</u> <u>789/18973?mode=full</u> (IGNOU)</li> <li>Video- Sociology of Talcott Parsons, (CEC, New Delhi, India)</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IrcZtN1 nffY&amp;list=PLFKwkn3bx9jUnc7DVhW C-9eBcx9rXHbyk&amp;index=8</li> </ol>
IV	Theories of middle range, manifest and latent functions and functional paradigm	Lecture and Tutorial class	15	<ol> <li>R.K.Merton, (1968).Social Theory and Social Structure, New York: The Free press</li> <li>Block-7 Parson and Merton</li> <li><u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/1</u> <u>8197</u> (IGNOU)</li> <li>Video-Social Thinker : Robert K. Merton (CEC, New Delhi, India)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BKKbef</u> <u>neruo</u>,</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L</li> </ol>

	bgDtZFCQEY (CEC, New Delhi,
	India)

- ✓ Turner, Jonathan H. 2014. Theoretical Sociology A Concise Introduction to Twelve Sociological Theories, University of California, Riverside: SAGE Publications, Inc.
- ✓ Ritzer, G. (1992) 2011. Sociological Theory. Eight Edition New York: McGraw-Hill
- ✓ Turner, Jonathan H. 2007. The Structure of Sociological Theory (IV Edition) Rawat Publication, Jaipur.

# **References:**

- ✓ Zeitlin, I. M. (1998). Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory New Delhi: Rawat..
- ✓ Alexander, Jeffrey C. 1987. Twenty Lectures: Sociological Theory Since World War II. New York: Columbia University Press
- ✓ Radcliffe-Brown, A.R., 1976, Structure and Function in Primitive Society, London: Free Press Chapter-IX & X, Pp. 178-204.
- ✓ Levi-Strauss, C.1963. Structural Anthropology, New York: Basic Books.
- ✓ Parsons, T. 1951.(1991) The Social System. London: Routledge. ch 1 & 2. Pp. 1-44.
- ✓ R.K.Merton (1968).Social Theory and Social Structure, New York: The Free Press

# E. Resources:

- 1. Radcliffe Brown's Structural-Functional Approach-I(Youtube CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oqcQARO9Hdi, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A02rziwrCFI
- 2. Functionalists and Structuralists Approach (IGNOU) https://www.egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/58554/1/Unit1.pdf,
- 3. Malinowski and Radcliffe-Brown(IGNOU) https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/18195
- 4. Functionalists and Structuralists Approach (IGNOU)
- https://www.egyankosh.ac.in/bitstream/123456789/58554/1/Unit1.pdf (IGNOU) Parsons and Merton https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/18973?mode=full (IGNOU)
- 5. Video- Sociology of Talcott Parsons, (CEC, New Delhi, India)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IrcZtN1nffY&list=PLFKwkn3bx9jUnc7DVhWC-9eBcx9rXHbyk&index=8
- 6. Block-7 Parson and Merton
- https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/18197 (IGNOU)
  - Video-Social Thinker : Robert K. Merton (CEC, New Delhi, India) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BKKbefneruo, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LbgDtZFCQEY (CEC, New Delhi, India)

### **Core XVIII**

# **Sociology of Tribes**

Tribe has been the crucial subject matter for sociologists and anthropologists. A comprehensive history of tribal society is crucial in the contemporary society. The cultural pattern of tribal community, their social structure and demographic features give a unique orientation in the subject of sociology.

#### **Course Outcome:**

After completing this course, the students will be able to comprehend awholesome conceptual understanding of tribal society and culture in terms of their distribution and concentration, demographic features, social structure and economic institutions.

### **Unit I: Conceptualizing Tribe**

- Meaning and features of Tribe
- Categorization of Tribes in India: Primitive Tribe, Adivasi, Vanavasi, Girijan, Adimjati,
- Scheduled Tribe, De-notified Tribe, PVTGs, Indigenous People
- Classification of Scheduled Tribes: Racial, linguistic and geographical Tribal Population and sex ratio

#### **Learning Outcome:**

This unit examines the different terminologies with the category of tribes and provides comprehensive profile of tribal people in terms of their demography and geographical distribution.

### **Unit II: Tribal Economy**

- Tribal Economy: Meaning and features
- Patterns of Subsistence of Food gatherers and hunters
- Subsistence economy of Shifting Cultivators and Nomads
- Tribal Peasants, settled agriculturists and artisans

### **Learning Outcome:**

The objective of this unit is to provide a comprehensive profile of tribal people in terms of their economic institutions.

### **Unit III: Social Institutions**

- Tribal Marriage: Nature and Characteristics
- Tribal Family: Features and Changes
- Kinship patterns in Tribal society
- Tribal Religion and Magic

### **Learning Outcome:**

This unit is to provide a comprehensive profile of tribal people in terms of their basic social institutions like family, kinship and marriage.

### **Unit IV: Tribal Development-Approaches and Policies**

- Tribal Problems: Land alienation, indebtedness, forest regulation policy, mines and tribal
- displacement, Tribal health and sanitation
- Approaches to tribal development: Isolationist, Assimilationist and Integrationist
- Tribal Policy: Tribal Welfare Policies, Constitutional safeguards, PESA,
- National Policy for Scheduled Tribes 2006, Flagship programmes for the tribal development.

### **Learning Outcome:**

This unit also explores how development policies and programmes affect tribal community and what are the issues that shape their lives in contemporary times.

### Lesson Plan:

Unit	Thrust Areas	Metho d	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Conceptualizing Tribe Meaning and features of Tribe	Lecture	18	Nadeem, H. (2005). Tribal India. Delhi: Palka Prakashan.
	1.2 Categorization of Tribes in India: Primitive Tribe,			Virginius Xaxa. (1999). Tribes as Indigenous People of India. <i>Economic and Political Weekly</i> ,

	Adivasi, Vanavasi,			<i>34</i> (51), 3589–3595.
	Girijan, Adimjati,Scheduled Tribe, De-notified Tribe, PVTGs, Indigenous People Classification of Scheduled Tribes: Racial, linguistic and geographical Tribal Population and			http://www.jstor.org/stable/4408738 IGNOU. (2017). 'Unit 25. Tribal Social Structure-I' in <i>Tribes of India</i> . http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/12345 6789/18892
	sex ratio			
Π.	TribalEconomy:Meaning and featuresPatternsOfSubsistenceofSubsistenceeconomyofShiftingCultivatorsCultivatorsandNomadsTribalTribalPeasants,settledagriculturistsand artisans	Lecture	14	IGNOU. (2017). 'Unit 26. Tribal Social Structure-II' in <i>Tribes of</i> <i>India</i> . <u>http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/</u> <u>123456789/18892</u> Ch-02: Cec-UGC history , culture and philosophy. Changing economy and society of the tribal world.(Video). You Tube. <u>https://youtu.be/2uVH7jBtu0Y?si=c</u> <u>DXspOuyAtcZ4eOn</u>
III	TribalMarriage:NatureandCharacteristicsTribalFamily:Features and ChangesKinshippatternsKinshippatternsTribal societyTribal ReligionMagic	Lecture	16	IGNOU. (2017). 'Unit 26. Tribal Social Structure-II' in <i>Tribes of</i> <i>India</i> . <u>http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/</u> <u>123456789/18892</u> DTBS-01: Tribes and Tribal Studies in India, BLOCK-04: Tribal Society and their Institution(PDF) <u>https://egyanagar.osou.ac.in/sub-</u> <u>slm-tbs.html</u>
IV	TribalProblems:Landalienation,indebtedness,forestregulationpolicy,	Lecture	12	Pati, B. (2011). Adivasis in Colonial India: Survival, Resistance and Negotiation. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

mines and tribal	Sinch K S (1096) Tribal Situation
displacement, Tribal health and	Singh, K. S. (1986). Tribal Situation in India. Shimla: Indian Institute of
sanitation	Advanced Studies.
	Advanced Studies.
Approaches to tribal	Sunder N $(2016)$ The scheduled
development:	Sundar, N. (2016). The scheduled
Isolationist,	tribes and their India: Politics,
Assimilationist and	identities, policies, and work.
IntegrationistTribal	Oxford University Press.
Policy: Tribal Welfare	
Policies,	DTBS-02: Tribal Issues in India,
Constitutional	BLOCK-03: Tribal Policies
safeguards, PESA,	and Legislation(PDF)
National Policy for	https://egyanagar.osou.ac.in/sub-
Scheduled	<u>slm-tbs.html</u>
Tribes 2006,	
Flagship	
programmes	
for the tribal	
development.	-

- ✓ Channa, S.M. (2020). Anthropological Perspectives on Indian Tribes. Hyderabad: Orient BlackSwan.
- ✓ Nadeem, H. (2005). Tribal India. Delhi: Palka Prakashan.
- ✓ Vidyarthi, L.P. & Rai, B.K. (1977). The tribal Culture of India. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company

#### **Reference Books**

- ✓ Chaudhury, S.K. & Patnaik, S.M. (2008). Indian tribes and the mainstream. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
- ✓ Xaxa, V. (1999). Tribes as Indigenous People of India. Economic and Political Weekly, 34(51), 3589–3595. <u>http://www.jstor.org/stable/4408738</u>
- ✓ Pati, B. (2011). Adivasis in Colonial India: Survival, Resistance and Negotiation. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
- ✓ Singh, K. S. (1986). Tribal Situation in India. Shimla: Indian Institute of Advanced Studies.
- ✓ Sundar, N. (2016). The scheduled tribes and their India: Politics, identities, policies, and work. Oxford University Press

## **E-Resources**

- 1. IGNOU. (2017). 'Unit 25. Tribal Social Structure-I' in *Tribes of India*. http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/123456789/18892
- 2. IGNOU. (2017). 'Unit 26. Tribal Social Structure-II' in *Tribes of India*.<u>http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/123456789/18892</u>
- Ch-02: Cec-UGC history, culture and philosophy. Changing economy and society of the tribal world.(Video). You Tube.https://youtu.be/2uVH7jBtu0Y?si=cDXspOuyAtcZ4eOn
- 4. IGNOU. (2017). 'Unit 26. Tribal Social Structure-II' in *Tribes of India*.http://egyankosh.ac.in//handle/123456789/18892
- DTBS-01: Tribes and Tribal Studies in India, BLOCK-04: Tribal Society and their Institution(PDF) https://egyanagar.osou.ac.in/sub-slm-tbs.html
- 6. DTBS-02: Tribal Issues in India, BLOCK-03: Tribal Policies and Legislation(PDF) https://egyanagar.osou.ac.in/sub-slm-tbs.html

## **Core XIX**

# Media, Culture and Society

This paper attempts to establish the relationship between media, culture and society. Media in all ages has an enormous influence on society. With changing times, the forms, contents and representations of media process multiple impacts on the lives of individuals in a society. This paper intends to understand the different types of media, discovering its historicity in the Indian context, its influence in contemporary times and its approaches to understand media studies sociologically.

### **Course Outcome:**

• Understanding the process of production and consumption of media texts not only help students to decipher the ideological standpoints but also create employment opportunities in media industry.

### Unit I: Media: History and types

- Types of media: Print, Electronic, visual and social media,
- Historicity of Media Revolution in India: Print Media, Telegraph
- Radio, Television
- Internet: Email and social media

### Learning Outcome:

• To understand the nature, the idea of production, consumption and issues on changing forms of media in changing times.

# Unit II: Media and Culture

- Media a reflection of culture
- Cultural Contributions to Media

- Folk Culture, Popular Culture, Mass Culture, New Media
- Media and Modern Society

## **Learning Outcome:**

• To understand the relation between media and culture.

## Unit III: Approaches to Media Studies

- Marxism and Media
- Structuralism and Media
- Feminism and Media

# **Learning Outcome:**

• To en-skill students to analyse media texts using different theoretical lens.

# **Unit IV: Globalization and Media**

- Media Imperialism and Multinational Corporations
- Media and Democracy
- Rise of Information Society
- Media & Crime

## **Learning Outcome:**

• To learn the basic concepts and emerging issues in media studies.

Unit	Thrust Areas	Metho d	Total No. of Classes	References
I	Media: History and types: Types of media: Print, Electronic, visual and social media, Historicity of Media Revolution in India: Print Media, Telegraph Radio, Television Internet: Email and social media	Classro om Lecture s and Tutorial s	18	BernardBelet. al2005.Mediaand MediationCommunicationProcesse s Vol.1 Sage Publication. Vidya Mitra. (2018, April 27). <i>Types of Media and Selection</i> <i>Criteria</i> (Video). You Tube. <u>https://www.youtube.com/wa</u> <u>h?v=1jYZ610IM</u> Vidya Mitra. (2018, Feb 27). <i>Socia</i> <i>Media</i> (Video). You Tube. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</u> <u>8idP0nHPuUU</u>
II.	Media and Culture Media a reflection of culture Cultural Contributions to	Classro om Lecture s and Tutorial	14	Anderson, B. 1983. Imagined Communities. London: Verso. Storey, John. 1993. An Introductory Guideto Cultural Theory and Popular Culture. Athens: University of Georgia

# DI

	Media	s		
	Folk Culture, Popular	3		Strinati, D. (1995).
	-			An Introduction to
	Culture, Mass			the Theories of
	Culture, New Media			Popular Culture.
	Media and Modern			i opulai Culture.
	Society			Vidya Mitra. (2015, Dec 29). Folk
				Culture (Video). You Tube.
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=
				8nv0RiHUCvo
				Vidya Mitra. (2015, Dec 8). Media
				and Popular Culture (Video). You
				Tube.
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i
				i7qKN1WUMQ
				Vidya Mitra. (2018, Feb 2).
				<i>Emergence of New Media</i> (Video).
				You Tube.
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=
				kleNQw2LPvY
				Vidya Mitra. (2017, Oct 25). Mass
				culture (Video). You Tube.
				https://www.youtub
				e.com/watch?v=GU
				cDqqssW1Q
III	Approaches to Madia	Classro	16	Storey, John. 1993. An Introductory G
111	Approaches to Media		10	uidetoCulturalTheoryandPopularC
	Studies	om		ulture.Athens:UniversityofGeorgia
	Marxism and Media	Lecture		unure.Amens.OniversityorOeorgia
	Structuralism and	s,		
	Media	Practica		Strinati, D. (1995).
	Feminism and Media	1 Class		An Introduction to
		and		the Theories of
		Tutorial		Popular Culture.
		S		i opular Culture.
				Chaudhuri,M.2017.RefashioningIndi
				a:Gender,MediaandaTransformedPu
		Choose		blicDiscourse:Hyderabad:Orient
		a media		Black Swan
		text in		
		terms		Ch-05: PRABANDHAN [Social
		of a		Science - III].(2018, Jun26).
		(eg.		Functionalism and Marxist media
		cinema,		
		novel		<i>theory -Part-1 (CH-05)</i> (Video).
		etc) and		You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v
			1	nuos://www.wontune.com/watch?v

		write its review using any of the three approac hes.		<b><u>=9wMmojLJjHk</u></b> Vidya Mitra. (2017, Sep 13). <i>Feminist Theory and Media</i> (Video). You Tube. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=</u> <u>esQ9BYxignQ</u>
IV	Globalization and Media 4.1 Media Imperialism and Multinational Corporations 4.2 Media and Democracy 4.3 Rise of Information Society 4.4 Media & Crime	Classro om Lecture s and Tutorial s	12	Giddens, A. 2001.Sociology. Cambridge: Polity Press. Harvey, D. 1989. The Condition of Post modernity. Oxford. Basil Blackwell.

- ✓ Storey, John. 1993. An Introductory Guideto Cultural Theory and Popular Culture. Athens : University of Georgia.
- ✓ Strinati, D. (1995). An Introduction to the Theories of Popular Culture.
- ✓ Reference Books
- ✓ Anderson, B. 1983. Imagined Communities. London: Verso.
- ✓ BernardBelet. al2005.Mediaand MediationCommunicationProcesses Vol.1 Sage Publication.
- ✓ Chaudhuri,M.2017.RefashioningIndia:Gender,MediaandaTransformedPublicDiscour se:Hyderabad:Orient Black Swan
- ✓ Giddens, A. 2001.Sociology. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- ✓ Harvey, D. 1989. The Condition of Postmodernity. Oxford. Basil Blackwell.

### **E-Resources**

- 1. Vidya Mitra. (2018, April 27). *Types of Media and Selection Criteria* (Video). You Tube.<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1jYZ-\_\_610IM</u>
- 2. Vidya Mitra. (2018, Feb 27). *Social Media* (Video). You Tube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8idP0nHPuUU
- 3. Vidya Mitra. (2015, Dec 29). *Folk Culture* (Video). You Tube. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8nv0RiHUCvo</u>
- 4. Vidya Mitra. (2015, Dec 8). *Media and Popular Culture* (Video). You Tube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ii7qKN1WUMQ
- 5. Vidya Mitra. (2018, Feb 2). Emergence of New Media (Video). You Tube.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kleNQw2LPvY

- 6. Vidya Mitra. (2017, Oct 25). *Mass culture* (Video). You Tube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GUcDqqssW1Q
- 7. Ch-05: PRABANDHAN [Social Science III].(2018, Jun26). Functionalism and Marxist media theory -Part-1 (CH-05) (Video). You Tube https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9wMmojLJjHk
- 8. Vidya Mitra. (2017, Sep 13). *Feminist Theory and Media* (Video). You Tube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=esQ9BYxignQ

Core XX

### Semester- VIII

# Advanced Sociological Theory –II

Building on the understanding of the key ideas of the earlier papers on sociological theories, this course engages with crucial advanced social theories. It introduces students from phenomenological theories to the recent post-structural and post-modern theories. The advanced social theory aims to train students to high academic standards, in particular with regard to research competencies and in-depth disciplinary knowledge.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Students will able to understand human society in the light of advanced sociological theories.
- Students will able to ask critical questions on social order and processes that influence their everyday life.
- To gain insights of symbolic interactionism, phenomenology, ethnomethodology poststructuralism and post-modernism emerging as changed discourse in Sociology

### Unit I: Phenomenology and Ethnomethodology

- Schutz (Phenomenological Sociology)
- Peter L. Berger and Thomas Luckmann- The social construction of reality
- H Garfinkel (Ethnomethodology)
- E. Goffman (Dramaturgy)

### **Learning Outcome:**

• The outcomes of a phenomenological study broadens the mind, improves the ways of thinking on seeing a phenomenon.

• With ethno-methodological study the students can discover the things that people in particular situations do and the methods they use to create the patterned orderliness of social life.

## **Unit II: Symbolic Interactionism**

- C.H. Cooley- Looking Glass Self
- G.H. Mead- Mind, Self and Society
- H. Blumer (Symbolic Interactionism)

## **Learning Outcome:**

- Get acquainted with key concepts of symbolic interactionism symbols, meaning and self, and how people interpret situations using the symbols to interpret and define each other's actions.
- Students can know how people act towards things based on the meaning they have given to these, and how do these meanings arise through social interactions with others.

### **Unit III: Critical Theory and Neo-Marxism**

- Theodor Adorno & Max Horkheimer
- Jurgen Habermas
- Louis Althusser

## **Learning Outcome:**

- After studying this unit students can aim at a critique and transformation of society with empirically informed analysis.
- After studying critical theories and neo-Marxism students seek to understand human experience as a means to change the world.

### Unit IV: Post-colonialism, Post-structuralism/Post-modernism

- Edward Said
- Jacques Derrida and Michel Foucault
- Pierre Bourdieu
- Anthony Gidden's Structuration

### Learning Outcome:

- After studying this unit students can evaluate a possible future of overcoming colonialism with new forms of domination, subordination and global empire.
- Can critically analyze pre-established ideas and socially constructed structures of binary oppositions.
- Can visualize the science and technology and logic and reason are not always vehicles of human progress but suspect instruments of established power.

Unit	Thrust Areas	Method	Total No. of Classes	References
Ι	Phenomenol ogical sociology,	Theory	15	<ol> <li>Schutz, A. (1972). The phenomenology of the social world. Northwestern university press.</li> </ol>

#### **Lesson Plans**

	the social construction of reality and commonsen se methods and dramaturgy to sense social reality and order			<ol> <li>Garfinkel, H. (Ed.). (2017). Revivals: Ethno-methodological studies of work (1986). Routledge.</li> <li>Video on Ethnomethodology (Part-I) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JWl2tKLk</u> <u>kv0</u>,</li> <li>Video on Ethnomethodology (Part-II)(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t1mQsaX</u> <u>DY14</u></li> </ol>
II	Social developmen t of self, Looking Glass Self, dynamics of Mind, Self and Society and symbolic interactionis m	Theory	15	<ol> <li>Mead, George Herbert, [1934]1962, Mind, Self, and Society: From the Standpoint of a Social Behaviorist. Chicago: The Chicago University Press. Pp. 337-389.</li> <li>Blumer, H. 1969. Symbolic Interactionism, N.J. Prentice Hall</li> <li>Video-G. H. Mead (CEC, New Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oVllOTY</u> <u>N z4</u></li> <li>Microsociology and George Herbert Mead(CEC, N. Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=og_Q8ZL</u> <u>mt08</u></li> </ol>
III	Ideology, Interpellatio n Apparatuses OF power, Repressive State Apparatuses , Ideological State Apparatuses	Theory	15	1. Habermas, J. 1976. Legitimation Cris is, London: Heinemann 2. Video on Habermass (CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KmsmEC PuSvw
IV	Post- colonialism, Post- structuralis m/Post- modernism	Theory	15	<ol> <li>Derrida, J. (2020). Deconstruction in a nutshell: A conversation with Jacques Derrida, with a new introduction. Fordham University Press.</li> <li>Poststructuralism and Deconstruction (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VH5QPacp1WY</u>,</li> <li>Video on Michel Foucault (CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1d0 vJ_pZ6LE,</li> <li>On P. Bourdieu (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bbG8j0ys1</u></li> </ol>

	M8,
	5. Video on Understanding Post
	Modernism- II (CEC, New
	Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?</u>
	v=NXDgfhEJOQc

- ✓ Turner, Jonathan H. 2007. The Structure of Sociological Theory (IV Edition) Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- ✓ Turner, Jonathan H. 2014. Theoretical Sociology A Concise Introduction to Twelve Sociological Theories, University of California, Riverside: SAGE Publications, Inc. (https://www.hzu.edu.in/uploads/2020/9/Theoretical%20Sociology\_%20A%20Concis e%20Introduction%20to%20Twelve%20Sociological%20Theories.pdf)
- *Ritzer, G. (1992) 2011. Sociological Theory. Eight Edition New York: McGraw-Hill (https://ccsuniversity.ac.in/bridge-library/pdf/Sociological\_Theory%20Ritzer.pdf)*

#### **References:**

- ✓ Zeitlin, I. M. (1998). Rethinking Sociology: A Critique of Contemporary Theory New Delhi: Rawat Alexander,
- ✓ Berger, P., & Luckmann, T. (2023). The social construction of reality. In Social theory re-wired (pp. 92-101). Routledge.
- ✓ Blumer, H. (1969). Symbolic Interactionism, N.J.: Prentice Hall.
- ✓ Derrida, J. (2020). Deconstruction in a nutshell: A conversation with Jacques Derrida, with a new introduction. Fordham University Press.
- ✓ Foucault, M. (2003). Madness and civilization. Routledge.
- ✓ Garfinkel, H. (Ed.). (2017). Routledge revivals: Ethnomethodological studies of work (1986). Routledge. Habermas, J. 1976. Legitimation Crisis, London: Heinemann.
- ✓ Habermas, Jurgen. 1984. The Theory of Communicative Action. Vol.1, Reason and the Rationalization of Society. Boston: Beacon Press

#### E Resources

- 1. Video on Habermass Video- CEC, New Delhi
- Links-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KmsmECPuSvw,
- 2. Video on Ethnomethodology (Part-I) (CEC, N. Delhi)
- Links-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JWl2tKLkkv0,
- 3. Video on Ethnomethodology (Part-II) (CEC, N. Delhi)
- Links-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t1mQsaXDY14 Video-G. H. Mead(CEC, New Delhi)
- Links-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oVllOTYN\_z4
- 4. Microsociology and George Herbert Mead (CEC, N. Delhi)
- Links-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oVllOTYN\_z4

Links-http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Symbolic\_interactionism

5. Microsociology and George Herbert Mead(CEC, N. Delhi) Link-https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=og\_Q8ZLmt08

# Core XXI

# PerspectivesonIndianSociety

Indian society like any other society undergoes changes as well as continues with its traditional shapes and traits. Contextualizing such dynamics with afairlyadequateandcomprehensiveknowledge of Indian society in its multi-faceted dimensions is crucial for sociology students at large. Indian sociologists explain major social issues and help sensitizing the learners with promising sociological perspectives on Indian society.

### **Course Outcomes:**

- Students would be able to know the contributions of Indian social thinkers to the development of Indian Sociology.
- Students can develop multi-framework of studying and thinking of Indian societies through major sociological perspectives.
- Get access to the discourse of contemporary perspectives on Indian society that shapes public debates as well as academic practices in India.

#### Unit I: Indological & Structural-Functional Perspectives on Indian Society

- Indological Perspective by G. S. Ghurye
- Indological Perspective by Louis Dumont
- Structural-Functional Perspectives by M. N. Srinivas
- Structural-Functional Perspective by S. C. Dube.

#### Learning Outcome:

- After studying this unit the students can get acquainted with the analytical skills of using both book view method and field view method of understanding Indian society.
- The students using Indological approach can understand Indian society through concepts, theories, and frameworks that are closely associated with Indian civilization

whereas through the structural-functional approach they can comprehend Indian societies through field work and empirical study.

# Unit II: Marxist Perspectiveson Indian Society

- D.P. Mukerji
- R. Desai
- R. K. Mukerjee

## Learning Outcome:

- After studying this unit the students would be able to use dialectical historical approach for understanding Indian society.
- Can know how to comprehend the Indian social reality through means of production, economic division of labour and social relations of production.

### Unit III: Subaltern & Civilizational Perspectiveson Indian Society

- Subaltern Perspective by B.R. Ambedkar
- Subaltern Perspective by David Hardiman
- Civilizational Perspective by N.K. Bose
- Civilizational Perspective by Surajit Sinha and Radhakamal Mukherjee

### Learning Outcome:

- After studying this unit the students can critically evaluate the subaltern and civilizational perspectives on Indian Society.
- Can comprehend as how subaltern perspective treat lower caste/peasant/tribal insurgents as makers of their own history endowed with a transformative consciousness of their own.

### Unit IV:Debates on Sociology in India

- Current debates on Sociology for India
- Indigenization
- Democracy and Sociology
- Sociology and Modernity

### **Learning Outcome:**

- After studying this unit the students can know the professional activities of sociologists, which are related to the teaching of sociology in India.
- Evaluate the approaches to the study of Indian society based on the researches, which were done on caste, kinship, village studies etc in India.

#### Lesson Plan:

Units	Thrust areas	Teaching Methods	No. of classes	References	
Ι	Indological &	Lecture/Tu	15	References:	
	Structural-	torial		1. Ghurye, G.S. (1957), Caste and Class in	
	Functional			India, Bombay: Popular Book Depot.	
	Perspectives			2. Dumont, Louis (1970), Homo-	

			, 	
				Hierarchicus: Caste System and its
				Implications, Chicago.
				3. Dube, S.C. (1967), The Indian Village,
				New Delhi: NBT.
				4. Video on G. S. Ghurye : The Making of
				Indian Sociology-I& II (CEC, New
				Delhi)
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CnPySifo
				PBg&list=PLRtdMYtYROZj9JIckkvNpp
				gUpBFPPq_Z
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gN69sH1
				HvwQ
				5. Video on Louis Dumont (1911-1998)
				Contribution to Sociology of
				India(CEC, New Delhi,)
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RrbjIaKR
				<u>-bU</u>
				6. Video on M. N. Srinivas : Contribution
				to Indian Sociology(CEC, New Delhi)
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-
				9FJZedYhHI&list=PLRtdMYtYROZivQ
				<u>hIdnxvDPSz8TDA4bWMc&amp;index=2</u>
				M. N. Srinivas : Social Change in Modern
				India 1(CEC, New Delhi)
				https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xh7NCA
				<u>Dg3t0</u>
II	Marxist	Theory	15	1. Mukherjee, D.P. (1958), Diversities,
	Perspectives	-		Delhi: People's Publishing House.
	1			2. Desai, A.R. (1981). "Relevance of the
				Marxist Approach to the Study of
				Indian Society", Sociological Bulletin,
				10(1), pp. 1-20
1				10(1). pp. 1-20 3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994)
1				3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994)
				3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology –
				<ol> <li>Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> </ol>
				<ol> <li>Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-</u></li> </ol>
				<ol> <li>Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> </ol>
				3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&II(CEC, New Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-</u> <u>Vwmp77w3A</u> , <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u>
				3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&II(CEC, New Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u> , <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u> <u>DSGH0</u>
				<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u> <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u> <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes)</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- <u>Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u> <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3-</u></li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u> <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3- flWV2pSA</u></li> </ul>
III	Subaltern	Lecture/Tu	15	<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u></li> <li><u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3- flWV2pSA</u></li> <li>1. David, Hardiman (1987), The Coming</li> </ul>
III	Subaltern &Civilization	Lecture/Tu torial	15	<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u> <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3- flWV2pSA</u></li> </ul>
III	&Civilization		15	<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u></li> <li><u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3- flWV2pSA</u></li> <li>1. David, Hardiman (1987), The Coming</li> </ul>
III	&Civilization al		15	<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u></li> <li><u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3-flWV2pSA</u></li> <li>1. David, Hardiman (1987), The Coming of Devi: Adivasi Assertion in WesternIndia: Oxford</li> </ul>
III	&Civilization		15	<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I- <u>Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X <u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3- <u>flWV2pSA</u></li> <li>1. David, Hardiman (1987), The Coming of Devi: Adivasi Assertion in WesternIndia: Oxford University Press.</li> </ul>
III	&Civilization al		15	<ul> <li>3. Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology – I&amp;II(CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-Vwmp77w3A</u>,</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4X</u></li> <li><u>DSGH0</u></li> <li>4. Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts &amp; Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)</li> <li><u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3-flWV2pSA</u></li> <li>1. David, Hardiman (1987), The Coming of Devi: Adivasi Assertion in WesternIndia: Oxford</li> </ul>

				and the Dalit movement in colonial India. Delhi: Sage.
IV	Debates on Sociology in India: Sociology of India, Sociology in India and Sociology for India-	Lecture/Tu torial	15	<ol> <li>Unithan, T.K.N. (1965), (Ed.), Sociology of India, New Delhi, Prentic- Hall of India.Singh, Y. 1986: Indian Sociology: Social Conditioning and Emerging Concerns, Delhi Vistaar.</li> <li>Video on Sociology of India-I&amp;II (CEC, New Delhi) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LDHbiL3</u> <u>x9MM,https://www.youtube.com/watch?v</u> =QzKo5uK5wxc&amp;list=PL8u0_f6QDjZbr Lh405ebd7EBEwt3sZQjO&amp;index=2</li> </ol>

- ✓ Madan, T. N. (2011). Sociological Traditions: Methods and Perspectives in the Sociology of India, SAGE Publications India.
- ✓ Nagla, B.K. (2008), Indian Sociological Thought, Jaipur, Rawat Publications.
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- ✓ Dumont, Louis (1970), Homo-Hierarchicus: Caste System and its Implications, Chicago.
- ✓ Dube, S.C. (1967), The Indian Village, New Delhi: NBT.

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- 1. Video on G. S. Ghurye : The Making of Indian Sociology-I& II (CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CnPySifoPBg&list=PLRtdMYtYROZj9JIckkvN ppgUpBFPPq\_Z
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gN69sH1HvwQ
- 2. Video on Louis Dumont (1911-1998) Contribution to Sociology of India (CEC, New Delhi,)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RrbjIaKR-bU

3. Video on M. N. Srinivas : Contribution to Indian Sociology(CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=

9FJZedYhHI&list=PLRtdMYtYROZivQhIdnxvDPSz8TDA4bWMc&index=2

4. M. N. Srinivas : Social Change in Modern India 1(CEC, New Delhi)

#### https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xh7NCADg3t0

- Video on A.R. DESAI (1915-1994) Contribution to Indian Sociology I&II(CEC, New Delhi) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-Vwmp77w3A, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q1NY4XDSGH0
   Video on D. P. Medeerij (Studio of Ledion Society Concents & Therape) (CEC. New
- Video on D. P. Mukerji (Study of Indian Society: Concepts & Themes) (CEC, New Delhi)
  - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=T3-flWV2pSA
- 7. Video on Sociology of India-I&II (CEC, New Delhi)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LDHbiL3x9MM,

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QzKo5uK5wxc&list=PL8u0\_f6QDjZbrLh405eb d7EBEwt3sZQjO&index=2

#### **Core XXII**

# **Sociology of Religion**

Religion and society are embedded with each other. Religion is a ubiquitous phenomenon and its relation to society gives rise to many socio-cultural issues. This paper, after analysing the key interpretations of religion, focuses on the interface between religion and society as well as their contestation in contemporary times.

#### **Course outcomes:**

- This paper exposes students to the distinctiveness of the sociological approach to the study of religion.
- Students will come to know as how the social groups or individual encounter religion and religious phenomenon in myriad ways.
- Students can make a theoretical interpretation of religion and its distinction from magic
- Can contest basic religious structures by engaging different sociological thinkers

### **Unit-I: Conceptual understanding**

- Religion: Meaning and features
- Belief systems (animism, animatism, naturalism), Sect, Denomination and Cult
- Differences between magic, religion, and Science.

### Learning outcome:

• After going through the unit, the students can delve into ideas about how religion is considered the most fundamental institution in our society.

• It will also acquaint the students with the meaning of religion and its various features. It describes various belief systems and different types of religious paths and distinguishes between magic, science, and religion.

# **Unit- II: Theories of Religion**

- Emile Durkheim
- Karl Marx
- Max Weber

# Learning outcome:

• The students will visualize sociology of religion from the perspectives of three prominent classical thinkers: functionalist, interpretivist, and conflict theorist.

# Unit- III: Religious pluralism and the emerging issues in India

- Religious pluralism: Meaning, features and manifestation
- A social historical perspective, demographic profile, religious conversion
- New Religious Movements

# Learning outcome:

• This unit will provide the students with ideas about the meaning, feature, and manifestation of religious pluralism, and analysis of the socio-historical perspective of religious pluralism, demographic profile, and religious conversion. It will also enlighten students with different emerging new religious movements.

# **Unit- IV: Contestation over religion in India**

- Religious Fundamentalism
- Proselytism
- Communalism
- Secularism

# Learning outcome:

• After reading this unit, the students will reflect upon the conflicts and contestations of religion in India emphasizing on religious fundamentalism, proselytism, communalism, and secularism.

# **Lesson Plans:**

Unit	Thrust area	Teaching methods	Total classes	References
Ι	Meaning, concepts	Lecture	15	Furseth, I., & Repstad, P.
	and features of	and		(2017). An introduction to the
	religion, Belief	tutorial		sociology of religion: classical and
	systems (animism,	class		contemporary perspectives.
	animatism,			Routledge.
	naturalism), Sect,			Reference:
	Denomination and			
	Cult, Differences			eGyankosh, Sociology of Religion
	between magic,			https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123

	religion, and Science.			<u>456789/4403</u>
Π	Theories and concepts given by Emile Durkheim, Karl Marx, and Max Weber	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Durkheim, E. (2016). The elementary forms of religious life. In Social theory re-wired (pp. 52- 67). Routledge. Marx, K., & Engels, F. (2012). On religion. Courier Corporation. Weber, M., & Kalberg, S. (2013). The Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism. Routledge. CEC, Emile Durkheim on Religion https://youtu.be/- KhiDBYIjSk?si=dZNVYfiBZOTp 6ZaD CEC, Karl Marx on Religion https://youtu.be/AF1q9zXIpp4?si= 7G6o6U-Wj9UTUSG_ CEC, Max Weber on Religion https://youtu.be/MiGkAvdbz w?si =XZHCEBhO6uFZbat1
III	Religious pluralism: Meaning, features and manifestation, A social historical perspective, demographic profile, religious conversion, New Religious Movements	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Madan, T. N. (2004). India's religions: Perspectives from sociology and history. Oxford University Press.
IV	Religious Fundamentalism, Proselytism, Communalism, Secularism	Lecture and tutorial class	15	D'Souza, Leela. (2023). The sociology of religion: A historical review. New Delhi. Rawat Publications.

- ✓ D'Souza, Leela. (2023). The sociology of religion: A historical review. New Delhi. Rawat Publications.
- ✓ Furseth, I., & Repstad, P. (2017). An introduction to the sociology of religion: classical and contemporary perspectives. Routledge.
- ✓ Turner, B. S. (2010). The New Blackwell Companion to the Sociology of Religion. Blackwell Publishing Limited.

## **References:**

- ✓ Durkheim, E. (2016). The elementary forms of religious life. In Social theory rewired (pp. 52-67). Routledge.
- ✓ Madan, T.N. (Ed.). (1992). Religion in India (enlarged edition). New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- ✓ Marx, K., & Engels, F. (2012). On religion. Courier Corporation.
- ✓ Turner, B. S. (1991). Religion and social theory (2nd edition). London: Sage
- ✓ Weber, M., & Kalberg, S. (2013). The Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism. Routledge.

#### e- Resources:

- 1. CEC, Emile Durkheim on Religion <u>https://youtu.be/-KhiDBYljSk?si=dZNVYfiBZOTp6ZaD</u>
- 2. CEC, Karl Marx on Religion <u>https://youtu.be/AF1q9zXIpp4?si=7G6o6U-Wj9UTUSG</u>
- 3. CEC, Max Weber on Religion https://youtu.be/MiGkAvdbz\_w?si=XZHCEBhO6uFZbat1

### 4. CEC, Sociology of Religion

## https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PLNsppmbLKJ8LfIM0e\_d4ebSjiZG6nJ8h-&si=wik5ga3mi7m5S2db

- 5. CEC, Magic, Science and Religion <u>https://youtu.be/BotWy02AOu0?si=BzO0E-z64E2pGbVM</u>
- 6. CEC, Secularism https://youtu.be/tyDhShiQtEE?si=l06D33MzaNwZBEUy
- 7. eGyankosh, Sociology of Religion https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/123456789/4403
- 8. Sociology of Religion, Directorate of distancer education University of Jammu. https://www.distanceeducationju.in/pdf/MA%20Sociology%20CN%20305.pdf
- 9. Swaymprabha, Naturalism. https://youtu.be/ZjuHgupCFVU?si=yRBR\_UY860kHRYDm

Swaymprabha, Communalism

https://youtu.be/yeT8mweRLv4?si=9sKqNgay2KuYJnP4

## **Core XXIII**

# Sociology of Education

The paper aims to contextualize the study of education within the discipline of sociology. It begins with a discussion of the major theoretical perspectives and the contributions of sociologists which have left their mark in the study of education and society. It assumes a basic knowledge of sociological concepts and theories.

### **Course outcomes:**

- The learners will be acquainted with major concepts, theoretical approaches and development of sociology of education.
- It also focuses on some important aspects which are salient in any discussion of the interface between education and society.
- The students will understand Indian systems of education and change with a historical perspective. They also learn state and education interrelations.

### **Unit-I: Education and Society**

- Education: Meaning and significance for a society.
- Education and social stratification
- Social Change and its impact on Education,
- Education scenario of India since independence. Gandhi's special focus on education.

### Learning outcome:

• After reading this unit, the students can get an orientation towards the

conceptualisation of Education as a social institution, its significance and role in the society. It also aims to analyse the Indian education since independence applying Gandhi's views of education.

## Unit II- Theories and Perspectives in the sociology of education

- Functionalism: Durkheim, Parsons
- Marxism: Althusser, Paulo Freire, Ivan Illich
- Bourdieu: Cultural Reproduction
- Bowles and Gintis: Schooling in Capitalist Society

## Learning outcome:

• This unit can provide a reflective understanding of the development of various intellectual traditions on the sociology of education. It will help students to analyse the various systems of education through different theoretical lenses.

## Unit-III: Education system through ages in India

- Ancient: Gurukul and Ashram system, Buddhist educational institutions.
- Medieval: Islamic Educational Institutions.
- Colonial education: Missionary Education, Nationalist Tempo and Education, Orientalis education, Introduction of English education and
- Post-colonial education: Indian education through planning periods; privatisation ofeducation; universalisation of education; adult education.

### Learning outcome:

• This unit aims to familiarise the students with different systems of education that evolved in the Indian subcontinent through the ages starting from ancient Gurukul and ashram systems to modern state planned education.

### Unit IV- Landmark educational policies and programmes

- Commissions: Radhakrishnan Commission, Kothari commission
- Policies: National Policy on Education 1986, Programme of Action 1992, National Education Policy 2020.
- Programmes: National Literacy Mission, Operation Blackboard, District primary Education Programme, Sarba Sikshya Abhiyan, Right to Education Act 2009.
- Transformation of Higher education: Internationalisation, Skilling, innovation, entrepreneurship.

### Learning outcome:

• This unit will help students learn the role of state in catering to education needs of the general public. It will provide information on various programmes and policies pertaining to India.

### **Lesson Plans:**

Unit	Thrust area	Teachin	Total	References
		g	number	
		methods	of classes	

			required	
Ι	Education: Meaning and significance for a society. Role of Education for social stratification. Social Change and its impact on Education, Education scenario of India since independence,Gandhi's special focus on education.	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Robinson, P. (2017). Perspectives on the sociology of education: an introduction. Routledge.
Π	Functionalism: Durkheim, Parsons; Marxism: Althusser, Paulo Freire, Ivan Illich; Bourdieu: Cultural Reproduction; Bowles and Gintis: Schooling in Capitalist Society	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Jayaram, N. (2015). Sociology of education in India. Jaipur: Rawat. Ivan, I. (1973). Deschooling Society. London: Penguin. eGyanKosh, Perspective and Theories on Education, <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/handle/</u> 123456789/4384
Ш	Indiansystemofeducation:Ancient:BuddhistMedieval,Colonial education,Nationalist Tempoand Education,Introduction ofEnglish educationandPost-colonialeducation:education:Indianeducation:Indianeducation throughplanning periods;privatisation ofeducation;universalisation ofeducation; adulteducation.Indian	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Sharma, R. N., & Sharma, R. K. (1996). <i>History of education in</i> <i>India</i> . Atlantic Publishers & Dist. eGyanKosh, Educational system in India. https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstrea m/123456789/68801/1/Block- 6.pdf
IV	Commissions:Policies: National Policyon Education 1986,Programme of Action	Lecture and tutorial class	15	Pathak,R.P.(2012). DevelopmentandProblems of Indian Education.PearsonEducationIndia.

1992, National Education Policy 2020. Programmes: Right to Education Act 2009.	Chapter-11 to15 e-GyanKosh, Development of school education-1947-1964. <u>https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstrea</u> <u>m/123456789/46981/1/Unit-10.pdf</u>
	e-GyanKosh, Development of school education-in 1986 and after
	https://egyankosh.ac.in/bitstrea m/123456789/46979/1/Unit- 12.pdf

- ✓ Blackledge, D. & Hunt, B. (1985). Sociological Interpretations of Education. London: Crom Helm.
- ✓ Jayaram, N. (2015). Sociology of Education in India. Rawat Publications: New Delhi.
- ✓ Rath, S. K & Mallick, P.R. (2021). Sociology of Education. Kalyani Publisher: Cuttack.

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- ✓ Brint, S. (1998). Schools and Societies. Thousand Oaks. Calif: Pine Forge Press, A Division of Sage.
- ✓ Chitnis, S. & Altbach, P. G. (1993). Higher Education Reform in India: Experience and Perspectives. Sage Publications Inc.
- ✓ Gandhi, M.K. (1962). Problems of Education. Ahmedabad: Navjeevan Prakashan.
- ✓ Illich, Ivan. (1973). Deschooling Society. London: Penguin.
- ✓ Jayaram, N. (1990). Sociology of education in India. Jaipur: Rawat.
- ✓ Pathak, R. P. (2012). Development and Problems of Indian Education. Pearson Education India.
- ✓ Sharma, R. N., & Sharma, R. K. (1996). History of education in India. Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

#### e-Resources:

- 1. CEC, Sociological foundation of Education. <u>https://youtu.be/6iAZGiQqbeA?si=LjsC29RKrETXWX1M&https://youtu.be/pWnfV</u> <u>q\_xJKE?si=IkSpLFZ3VIT5\_BGg</u>
- 2. Nptelhrd, Concept of Education. https://youtu.be/WhLN\_y1Lc2M?si=wVbCgAwSfjXm3Xa

#### **Sample Question**

#### Answer all questions of the given Part-I, II, III & IV

# Part-I

I. Answer all questions of the following.

Marks 1×12=12

Q. In which year the 'Operation Blackboard' program was started in India?

# Part-II

2. Write any eight questions within two or three sentences each.		Marks 8×2=16	
Q. What do you mean by Gurukul system of education?			
<ul><li><b>Part-III</b></li><li>3. Answer any eight questions within 75 words each.</li></ul>		Marks	8×3=24
Q. Describe the advantages of Ashram system of education.			
Part-IV	Marks	7×4=28	
4. Answer all of the following with 500 words each.			

Q. Education is a system of cultural reproduction. Explain.